

# AISC Live Webinars

Thank you for joining our live webinar today.  
We will begin shortly. Please standby.

**Steel Erection: Engineering and Execution**  
Session 1: The Erector's Perspective  
August 27, 2020



# AISC Live Webinars

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## AISC Live Webinars

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## AISC Live Webinars

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## AISC Live Webinars

### Course Description Submitted for AIA CE Credit

The Erector's Perspective  
August 27, 2020

Structural steel erection consists of assembling the building's frame on site safely and economically. This session will address how steel erection gets done, from securing the work to executing it. Topics include:

- Erectors' contractual relationships
- Estimating
- AISC Code of Standard Practice
- Erection schematic
- Selling an erection project
- Contracts
- Prefabrication coordination
- Erection pre-mobilization planning
- Prosecuting the work



## AISC Live Webinars

### Learning Objectives Submitted for AIA CE Credit

- List items that a steel erector must extract from a project's construction documents for supporting an accurate estimate.
- Identify good and bad steel details that affect a steel erector's ability to safely and efficiently perform work.
- List items addressed in a site safety plan.
- List steel erection challenges and solutions highlighted through real project examples.



# Steel Erection: Engineering and Execution

## Session 1: The Erector's Perspective

August 27, 2020



Tim Duke  
Corporate Quality Control and Risk Management Director  
Williams Erection Company  
Atlanta Steel Erectors  
Smyrna, GA



### Three-Part Webinar Series

- **Session 1: The Erector's Perspective** Aug. 27
- Session 2: Erection Engineering of Low-Rise Buildings Sept. 3
- Session 3: Erection Engineering of High-Rise Buildings Sept. 10





## The Plan for Today:

### Part One:

- Who we are and how we get work to perform
- Estimating the job
- AISC Code of Standard Practice
- Construction Contracts for Erectors
- Erection scheme committed to paper or model
- Selling an Erection Project

### Part Two:

- We have a contract, now what?
- Erector Pre mobilization planning
- Site specific Erection plan
- Engineered Stability Plan
- Doing the Work

### Part Three:

- Questions



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## Our Community

- The internet says there are 1,197 Structural Fabricators in the USA, AISC says 1,700.
- The internet also claims there are around 11,500 Steel Erectors.
- Changes per the day you search the internet. But there is an order of magnitude more erectors than fabricators by somewhere around 10:1 to 7:1.



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## Part One

### Where do the jobs come from?

- 95% of requests for quotation come from Fabricators that we have performed work for in the past
- Pre Qualification requirements of General Contractor / Construction Manager (Owner's Designated Representative for Construction)
  - AISC Erector Certification
  - Bonding Capacity
  - Safety Record
- Drawings, Models and Specifications Furnished by Fabricator
  - In the olden days hard copies, now mostly electronic.
- Sample Contract Documents
- Site Visit



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## Estimate - Drawing Review

- Architectural and Civil Drawings
- Structural Drawings S001 General Structural Notes
- S100 – S500 Structural Drawings
- Specifications 5000 series:

Job Specifications contain important information, but may not always reference the most current document.

### 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Structural Steel: Fabricate and assemble in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and AISC's "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design."

### ERECTION

- B. Set structural steel accurately in locations and to elevations indicated and according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design."



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## Estimate information

### From the drawings:

- Column counts (may vary if too heavy for crane(s))
- Beam/Girder count
- Truss and or joist count (Truss weights for crane)
- Stud count
- Bracing count, Vertical X or K
- Bracing horizontal
- Decking square footage
- Deck edge angle, bent plate, closure and support angle (attention to attachment)
- Bracing for edge bent plate etc.
- Roof frames - penetrations
- Moment connections and Welded column splices (Calculate weld weight)
- Detail cost drivers special connections or conditions.



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## Estimate information

### From the GC - ODRC:

- Job access
- Traffic control for material delivery
- Lay down area
- Gravel and dewatering
- Furnish cranes? What limitations for Erector
- Power 440 three phase?
- Special Safety requirements (crane limitations)
- Site personnel requirements
- GC's on site management team
- CCIP OCIP Insurance (deductibles)



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## AISC Code of Standard Practice

### 2016 Code of Standard Practice

#### Preface:

As in any industry, trade practices have developed among those that are involved in the design, purchase, fabrication and erection of structural steel. **This Code provides a useful framework for a common understanding of the acceptable standards when contracting for structural steel.** As such, it is useful for owners, architects, engineers, general contractors, construction managers, fabricators, steel detailers, erectors and others associated with construction in structural steel. **Unless specific provisions to the contrary** are contained in the contract documents, the existing trade practices contained herein are considered to be **the standard custom and usage of the industry** and are thereby incorporated into the relationships between the parties to a contract.



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# AISC Code of Standard Practice

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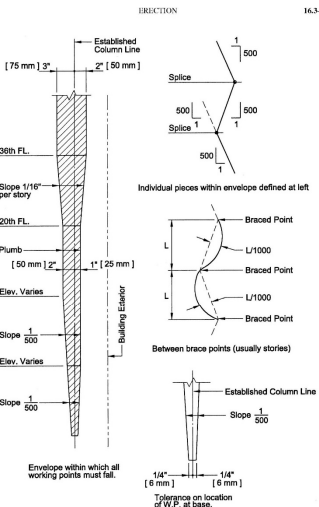
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7.17. Field Painting ..... 58

7.18. Final Cleaning Up ..... 58

**Erector**  
**Owner's Designated Representative for Design**  
**General Contractor**  
**Fabricator**



Note: The plumb line through the base working point for an individual column is not necessarily the precise plan location because Sect. 7.13.1.1 deals only with plumbness tolerances and does not include inaccuracies in location of the Established Column Line, foundations and anchor rods beyond the Erector's control

Fig. C-7.5. Exterior column plumbness tolerances normal to building exterior.  
Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges, June 15, 2016  
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION



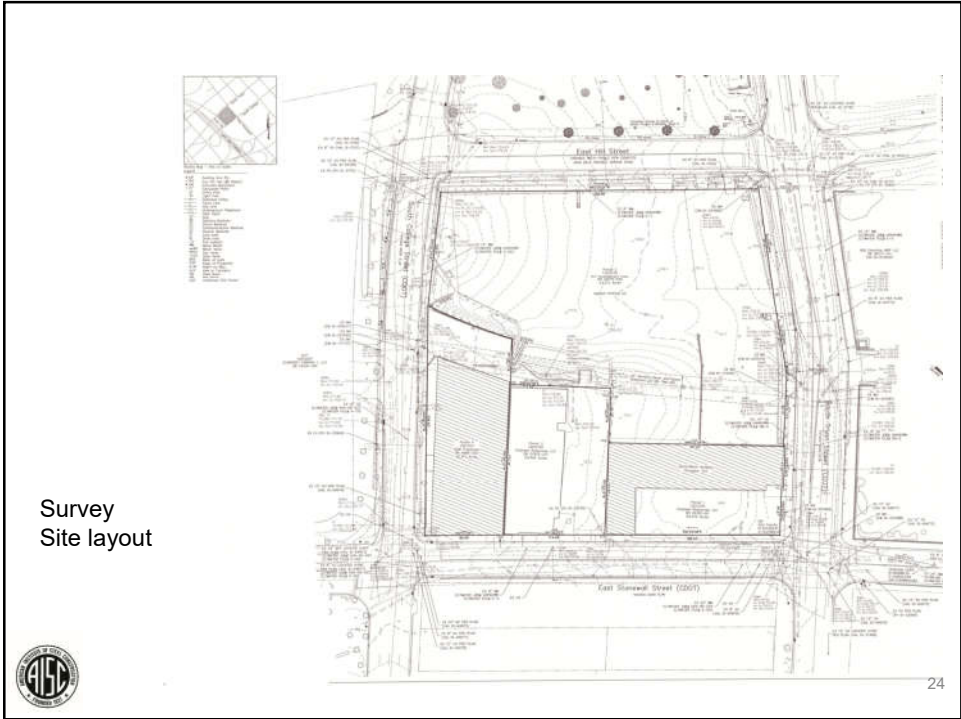
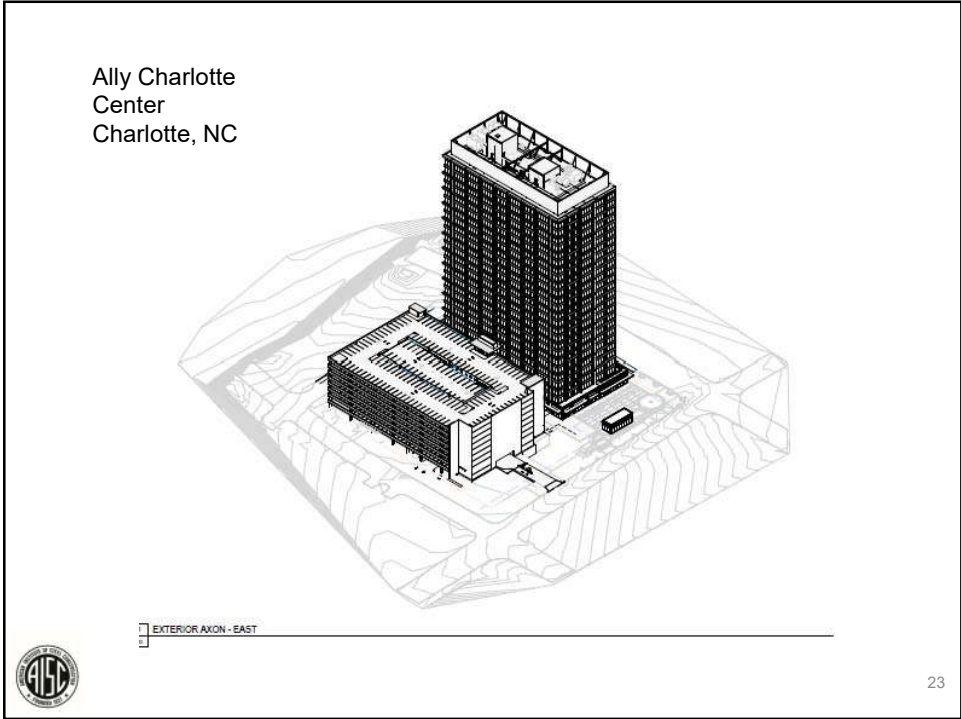


**TABLE 10.1  
AESS Category Matrix**

Category	AESS C	AESS 4	AESS 3	AESS 2	AESS 1	SSS
Id	Custom Elements	Showcase Elements	Feature Elements in close view	Feature Elements not in close view	Basic Elements	Standard Structural Steel
1.1	Surface preparation to SSPC-SP 6	*	*	*	*	
1.2	Sharp edges ground smooth	*	*	*	*	
1.3	Continuous weld appearance	*	*	*	*	
1.4	Standard structural bolts	*	*	*	*	
1.5	Weld spatters removed	*	*	*	*	
2.1	Visual samples	Required	*	optional		
2.2	One-half standard fabrication tolerances	*	*	*		
2.3	Fabrication marks not apparent	*	*	*		
2.4	Welds uniform and smooth	*	*	*		
3.1	Mill marks removed	*	*			
3.2	Butt and plug welds ground smooth and filled	*	*			
3.3	HSS weld seam oriented for reduced visibility	*	*			
3.4	Cross sectional abutting surface aligned	*	*			
3.5	Joint gap tolerances minimized	*	*			
3.6	All welded connections		optional	optional		
4.1	HSS seam not apparent	*	*			
4.2	Welds contoured and blended	*	*			
4.3	Surfaces filed and sanded	*	*			
4.4	Weld show-through minimized	*	*			
C.1						
C.2						
C.3						
C.4						

**AESS 1:** Basic elements.  
**AESS 2:** Feature elements viewed at a distance greater than 20 ft (6 m).  
**AESS 3:** Feature elements viewed at a distance less than 20 ft (6 m).  
**AESS 4:** Showcase elements with special surface and edge treatment beyond fabrication.  
**AESS C:** Custom elements with characteristics described in the *contract documents*.





**S001  
General Structural Notes**

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### S001 General Structural Notes

SHAPE	MATERIAL
WIDE FLANGES & WT'S	ASTM A992, GRADE 50
MISCELLANEOUS PLATES	ASTM A572, GRADE 50
CONTINUITY PLATES	ASTM A572, GRADE 50
ANGLES & CHANNELS	ASTM A36
RECTANGULAR HSS (TUBES)	ASTM A500, GRADE B
ROUND HSS	ASTM A500, GRADE B
BOLTS	ASTM A325 N, UON
ANCHOR RODS	ASTM F1554, Fy=36ksi, UON
THREADED RODS	ASTM A36
STEEL JOIST	PER STEEL JOIST INSTITUTE'S SPECIFICATIONS
WELDING ELECTRODES	E70, SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR CVN REQUIREMENTS
WELDED STUDS	ASTM A108 HEADED STUDS; TYPE H4L OR S3L BY NELSON OR EQUAL.

Seismic Job

SS-2 STRUCTURAL STEEL MEMBERS AND CONNECTIONS DENOTED "SLRS" SHALL SATISFY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SEISMIC LOAD RESISTING SYSTEM IN SPECIFICATION SECTION 05 12 10.

SS-3 WHERE NO CAMBER IS INDICATED, FABRICATE BEAMS SO THAT ANY NATURAL CAMBER IS UPWARD AFTER ERECTION

SS-4 SPLICES SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY AT LOCATIONS SPECIFICALLY INDICATED ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS UNLESS APPROVED OTHERWISE BY THE SER IN WRITING.

SS-5 FOR STEEL MEMBERS AND EMBEDMENTS EXPOSED TO WEATHER, PROVIDE HOTDIPPED GALVANIZED FINISH.

SS-6 PROVIDE HOLES IN ALL STEEL AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT ANY ACCUMULATION OF WATER. ALL PENETRATIONS THROUGH MAIN MEMBERS SHALL NOT EXCEED 1 1/8" DIA AND SHALL BE GROUND SMOOTH. THESE DRAINS MUST BE KEPT CLEAN

Notes trigger closer examination and cost drivers

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Engineered  
Erection  
Stability  
Plan

SS-8 FIELD MODIFICATION OF STRUCTURAL STEEL IS PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ARCHITECT AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

SS-9 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A STEEL ERECTION PROCEDURE PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A STRUCTURAL ENGINEER LICENSED IN THE STATE OF THE LOCATION OF THE PROJECT (THE CONTRACTOR'S ENGINEER) FOR REVIEW BY THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER OF RECORD. THIS PROCEDURE MUST INCLUDE THE PROPOSED SURVEY REQUIRED BY THE STEEL SPECIFICATIONS.


SS-10 HOT ROLL SHAPES WITH FLANGE THICKNESS EXCEED 2 INCHES OR BUILT UP HEAVY SHAPE WITH PLATES EXCEED 2 INCHES IN THICKNESS USING COMPLETE JOINT PENETRATION GROOVE WELD THAT FUSE THROUGH THE THICKNESS OF THE FLANGE OR WEB OR USING COMPLETE JOINT PENETRATION BUTT WELD SPLICES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM CHARPY V-NOTCH IMPACT TESTING VALUES OF 0 20 FT-LB AT A MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE OF +70 DEG. F. THE IMPACT TEST SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A673 FREQUENCY P. THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS DO NOT APPLY IF THE SPLICES AND CONNECTIONS ARE MADE BY BOLTING.

SS-11 WELD ELECTRODES FOR THE HEAVY SHAPES NOTED IN SS-10 THAT REQUIRE CVN TESTING SHALL HAVE A CVN OF 20 FT-LB AT -20 DEG. F AND 40 FT-LB AT +70 DEG. F EXCEPT FOR STRUCTURE THAT IS NOT ENCLOSED AND MAINTAINED AT A TEMPERATURE OF +50 DEG. F OR HIGHER. THE TEST TEMPERATURE SHALL BE 0 EQUAL TO THE LOWEST ANTICIPATED SERVICE TEMPERATURE (LAST) PLUS 20 DEG. F. LAST SHALL BE -7 DEG. F.

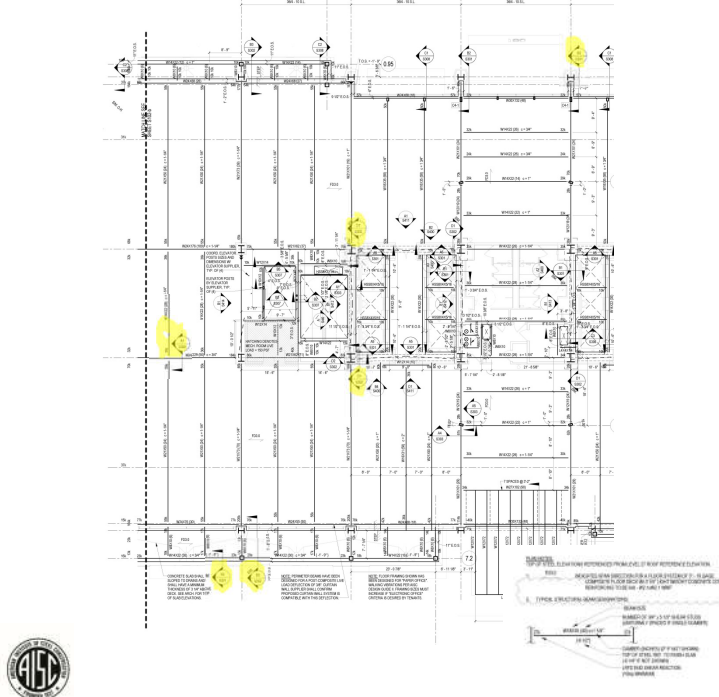
SS-12 STEEL REINFORCEMENT TO EXISTING BEAMS AND COLUMNS SHALL BE WELDED BY QUALIFIED WELDERS USING TECHNIQUES AND SEQUENCES THAT MINIMIZE POST-WELD DISTORTION OF THE MEMBER. WELDING PROCEDURE SPECIFICATIONS AND WELDING SEQUENCES SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR REVIEW.

SS-13 WHERE NEW STEEL BEAM FRAMING TIES INTO EXISTING STRUCTURE, FIELD APPLIED CONNECTION IS REQUIRED. CONNECTIONS SHALL BE DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR'S STEEL CONNECTION DESIGN ENGINEER UON. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF FIREPROOFING IF PRESENT AT CONNECTION.


Impact  
Requirements  
WPS and  
Welder



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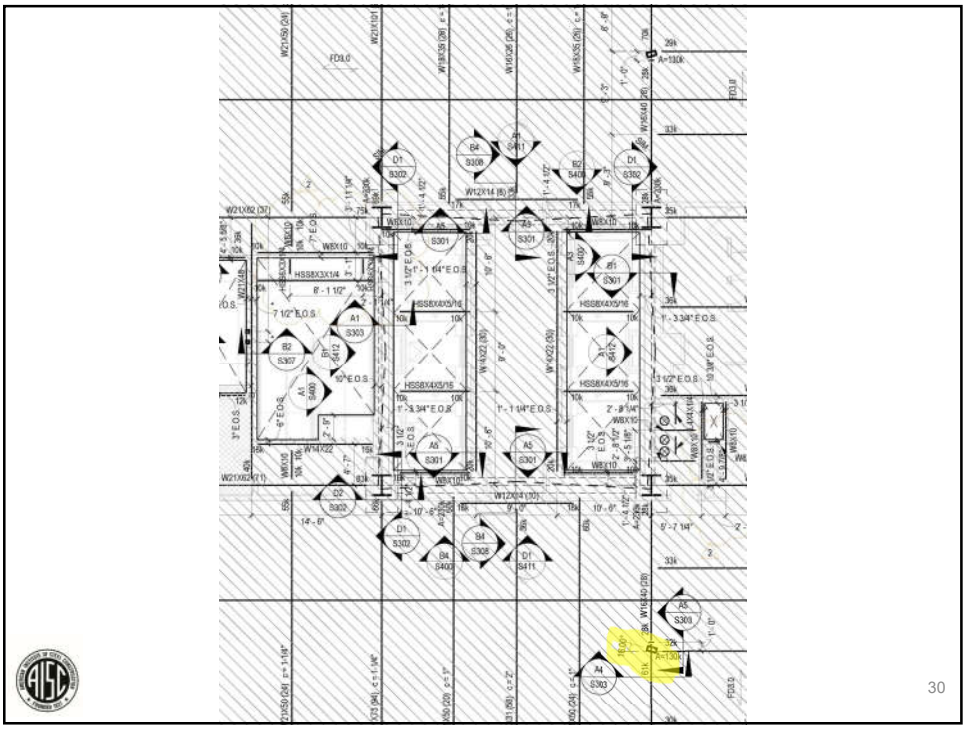
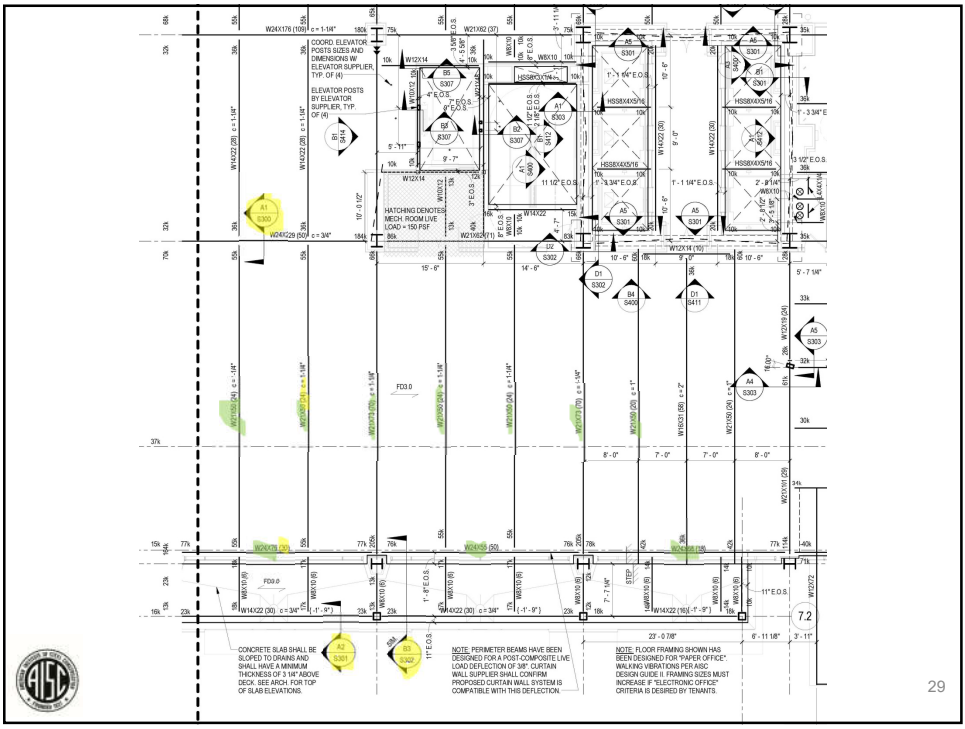


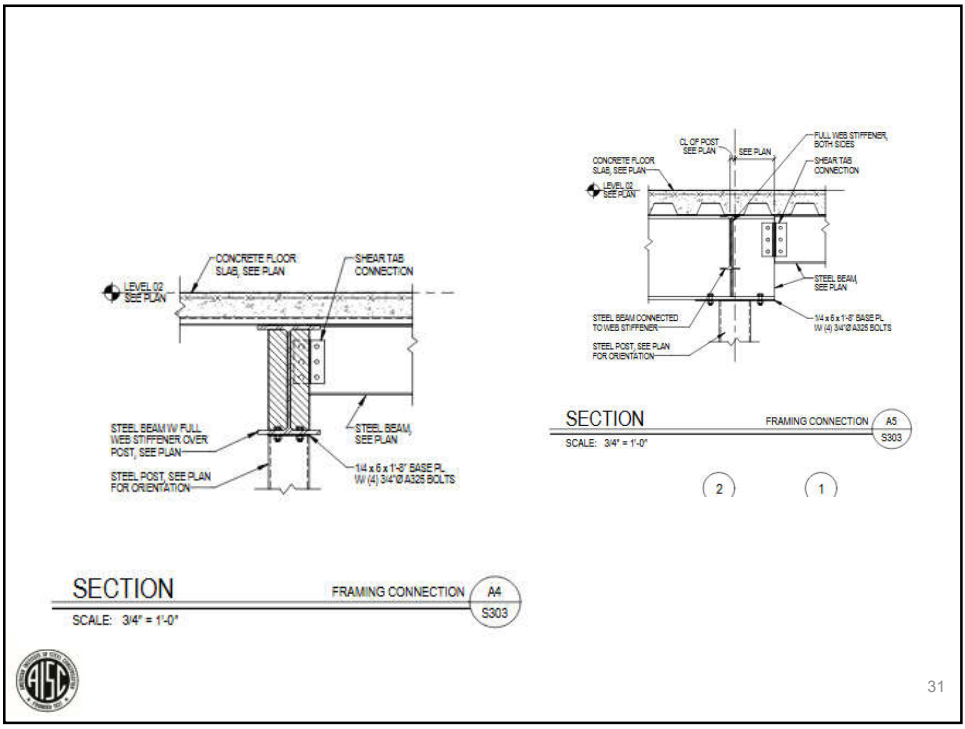
S100  
Level 2  
Framing Plan



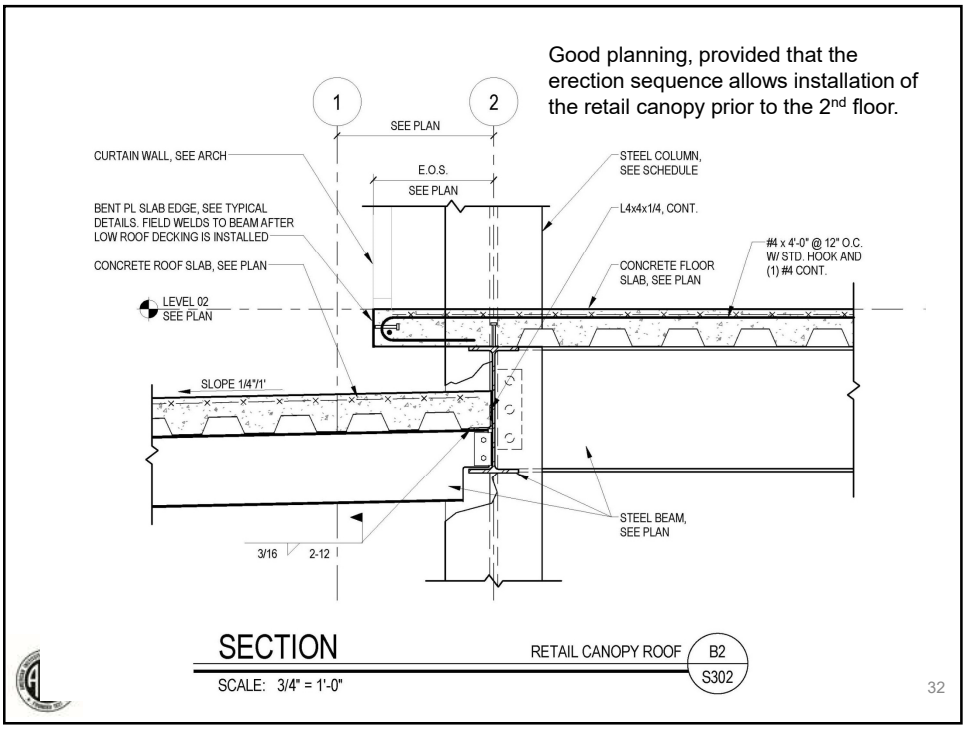
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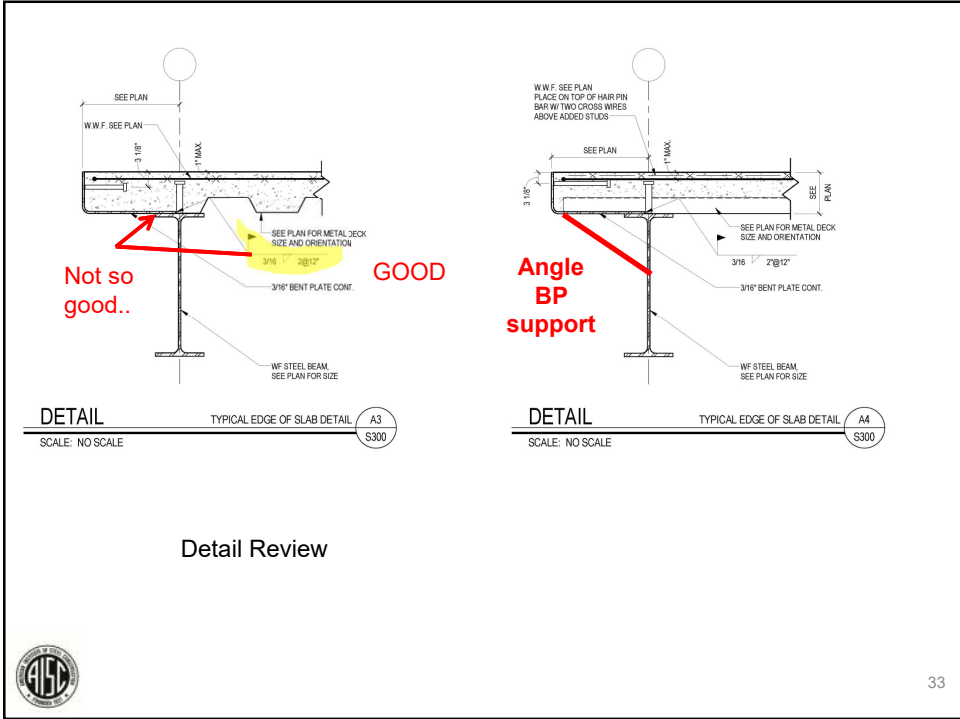


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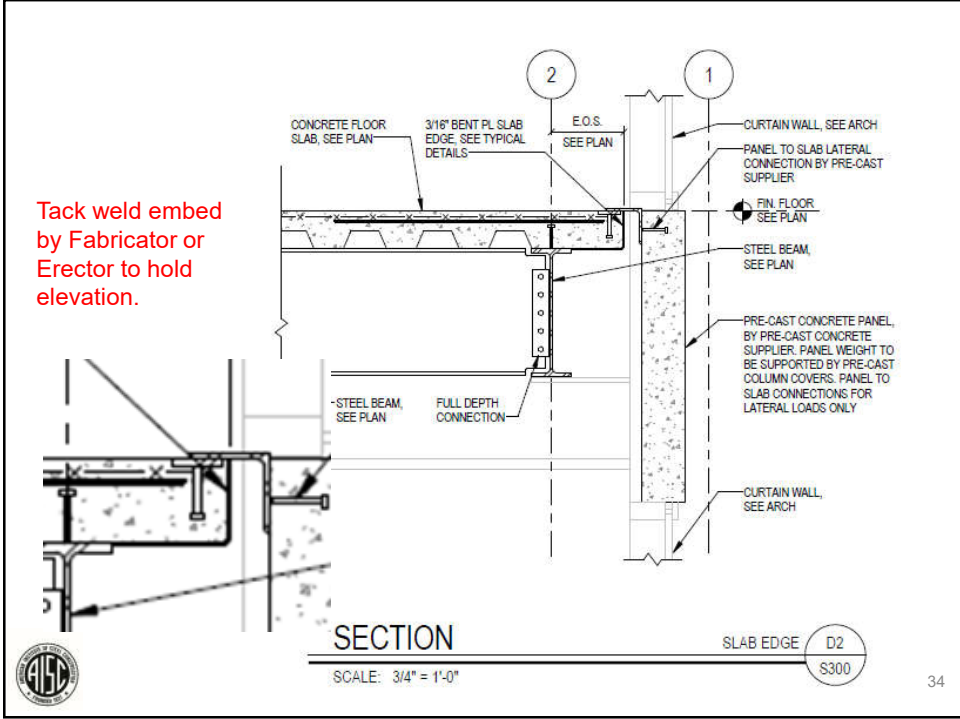


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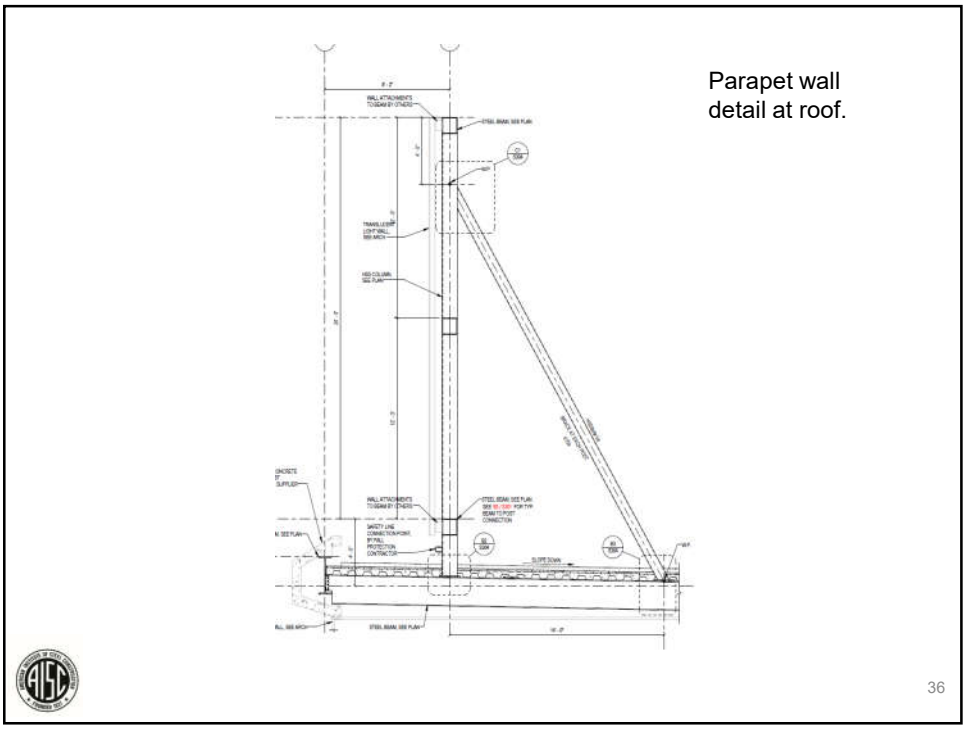
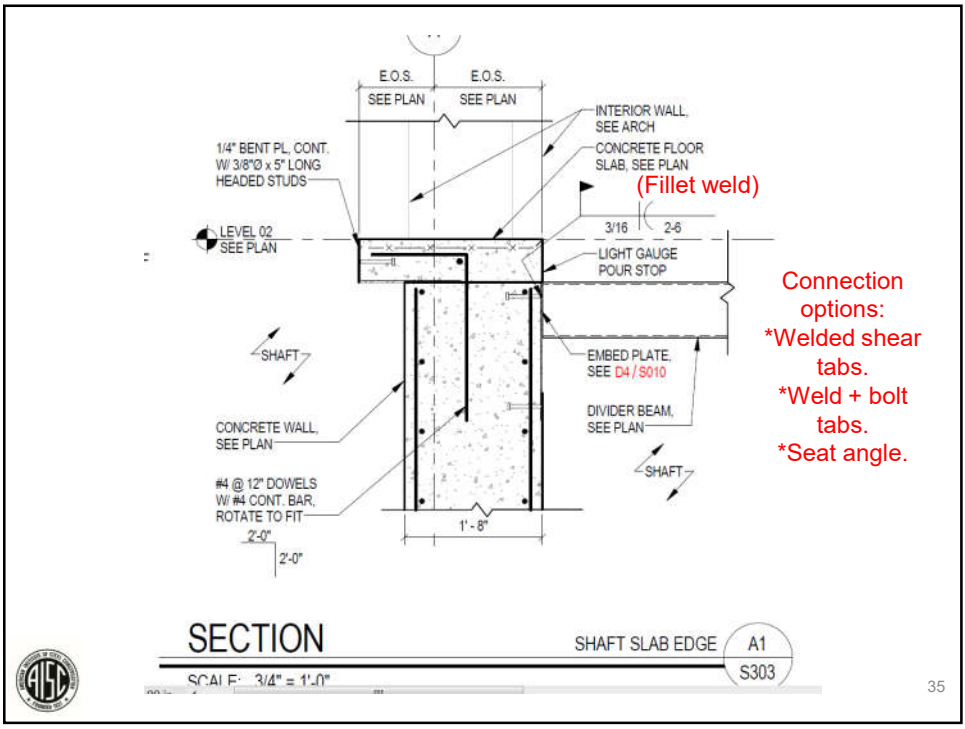
Detail Review



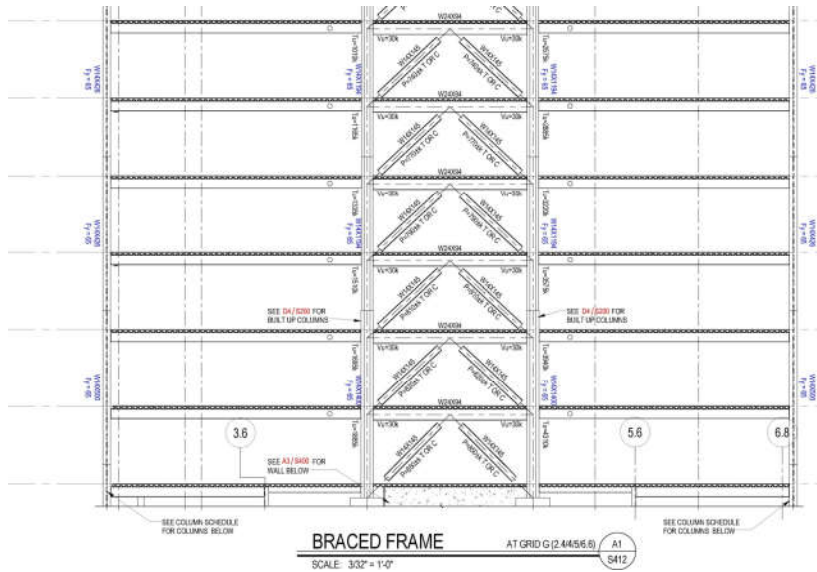
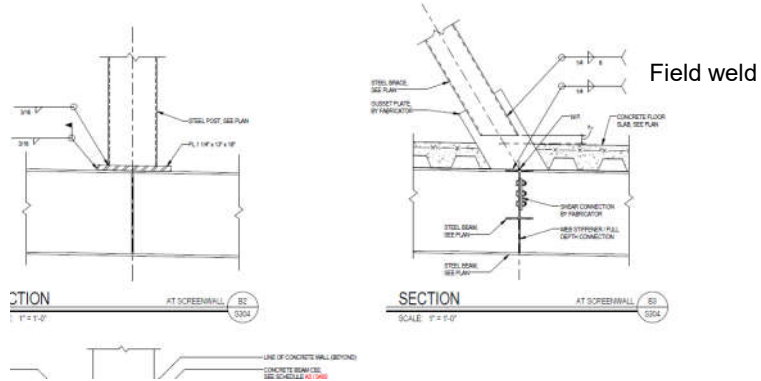
Tack weld embed by Fabricator or Erector to hold elevation.

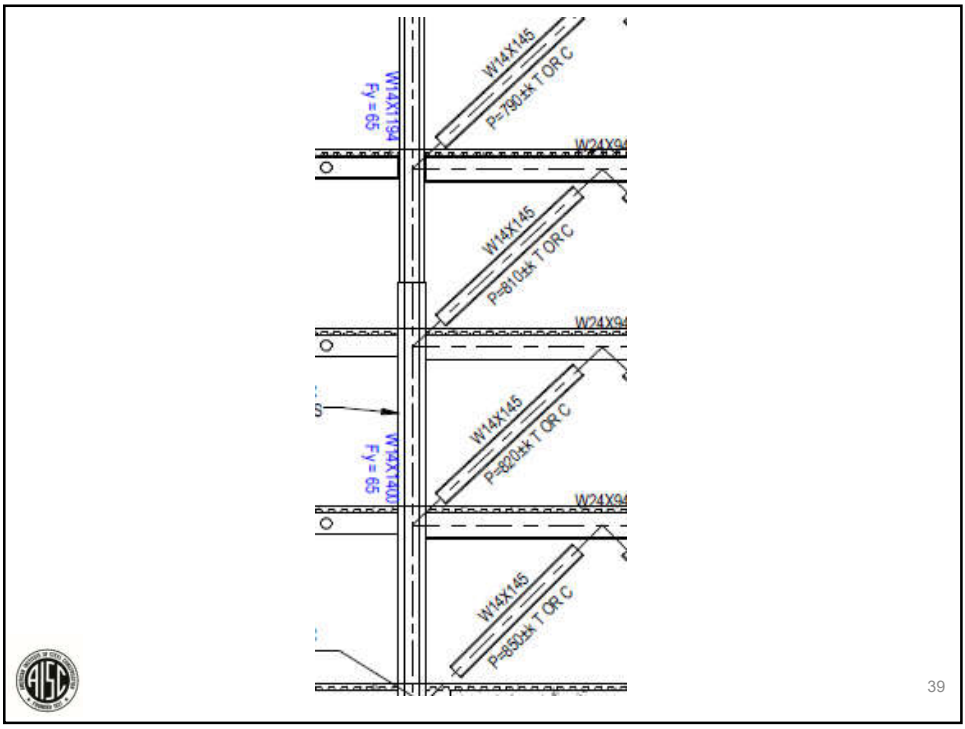
SECTION





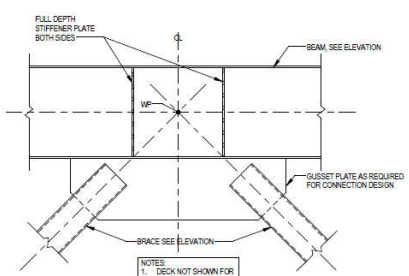
Provide bolted field connections to assist location and plumbing  
 Then field weld to structure.





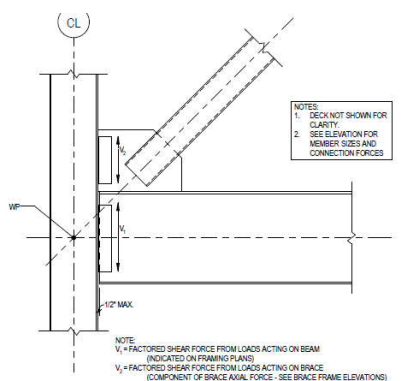
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Typically one or two erection bolts followed by welding.



NOTES:  
 1. DECK NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.  
 2. SEE ELEVATION FOR MEMBER SIZES AND CONNECTION FORCES.

DETAIL TYPICAL BRACED FRAME A1  
 SCALE: NO SCALE S410



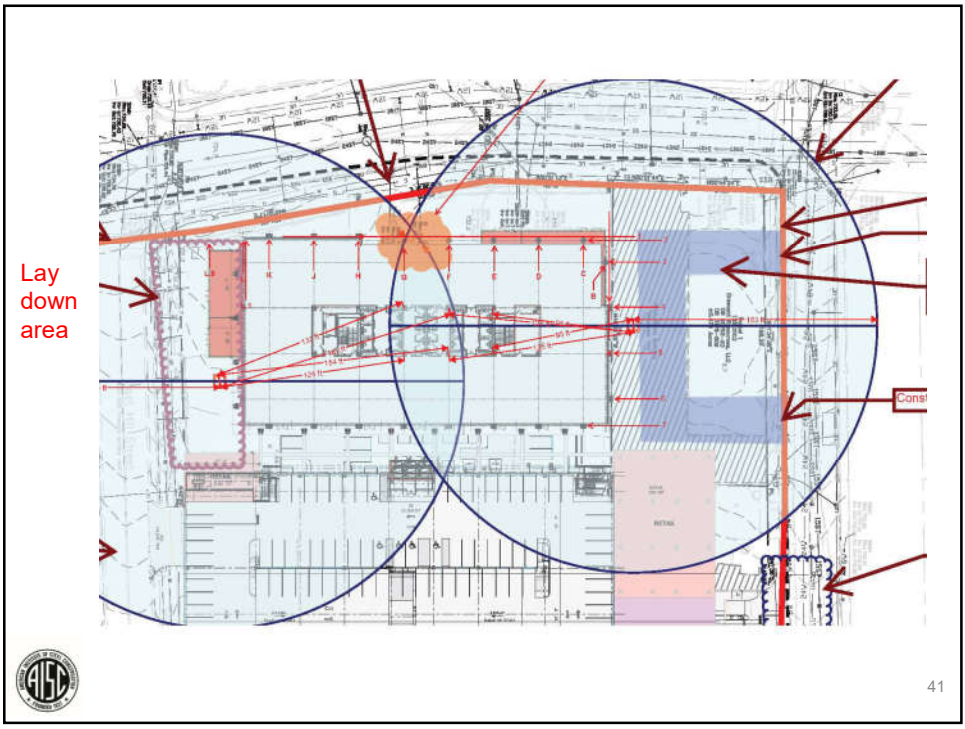
NOTES:  
 1. DECK NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.  
 2. SEE ELEVATION FOR MEMBER SIZES AND CONNECTION FORCES.


NOTE:  
 $V_1$  = FACTORED SHEAR FORCE FROM LOADS ACTING ON BEAM (INDICATED ON FRAMING PLANS)  
 $V_2$  = FACTORED SHEAR FORCE FROM LOADS ACTING ON BRACE (COMPONENT OF BRACE AXIAL FORCE - SEE BRACE FRAME ELEVATIONS)  
 TOTAL SHEAR FORCE THROUGH CONNECTION TO COLUMN  $V_{total} = V_1 \pm V_2$

DETAIL TYPICAL BRACED FRAME A2  
 SCALE: NO SCALE S410

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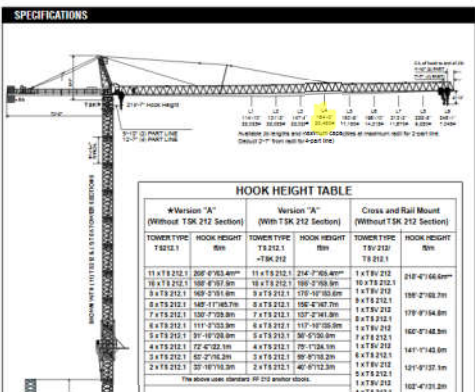




## PEINER SK 415

Hammerhead Tower Crane  
22,025 – 44,050 lbs. (10 – 20 t)  
Lifting Capacity\*

**SPECIFICATIONS**

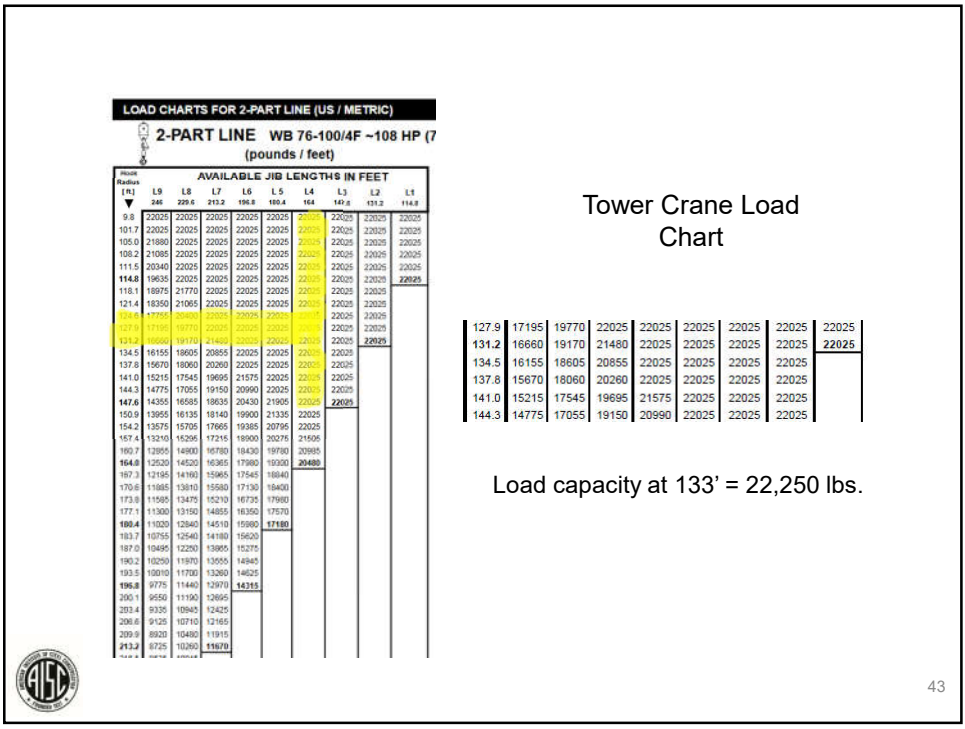


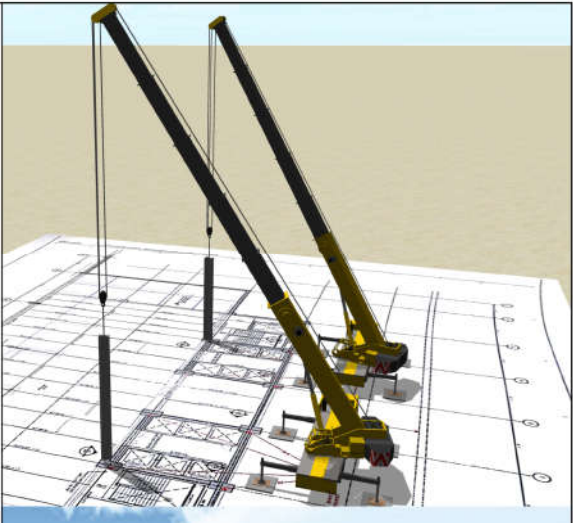
*Version "A" (Without TSK 212 Section)		Version "A" (With TSK 212 Section)		Cross and Rail Mount (Without TSK 212 Section)	
TOWER TYPE	HOOK HEIGHT	TOWER TYPE	HOOK HEIGHT	TOWER TYPE	HOOK HEIGHT
TSK 212	ft/m	TSK 212	ft/m	TSK 212	ft/m
11 x 19 212.1	206'-0" (62.80m)	11 x 19 212.1	214'-7" (65.40m)	1 x 19 212	214'-0" (65.00m)
10 x 19 212.1	188'-0" (57.30m)	10 x 19 212.1	196'-0" (59.70m)	10 x 19 212.1	196'-0" (59.70m)
9 x 19 212.1	169'-0" (51.50m)	9 x 19 212.1	176'-0" (53.60m)	1 x 19 212	176'-0" (53.60m)
8 x 19 212.1	148'-0" (45.10m)	8 x 19 212.1	156'-0" (47.50m)	8 x 19 212.1	156'-0" (47.50m)
7 x 19 212.1	128'-0" (39.00m)	7 x 19 212.1	137'-0" (41.80m)	1 x 19 212	137'-0" (41.80m)
6 x 19 212.1	111'-0" (33.90m)	6 x 19 212.1	117'-0" (35.60m)	6 x 19 212.1	117'-0" (35.60m)
5 x 19 212.1	97'-0" (29.50m)	5 x 19 212.1	99'-0" (30.20m)	1 x 19 212	99'-0" (30.20m)
4 x 19 212.1	82'-0" (25.00m)	4 x 19 212.1	84'-0" (25.60m)	1 x 19 212	84'-0" (25.60m)
3 x 19 212.1	67'-0" (20.40m)	3 x 19 212.1	69'-0" (21.00m)	1 x 19 212	69'-0" (21.00m)
2 x 19 212.1	52'-0" (15.80m)	2 x 19 212.1	47'-0" (14.30m)	1 x 19 212	47'-0" (14.30m)


\*Optional hoist winches allow maximum capacities to be increased to 25,555 – 52,110 lbs. (12.5 – 23.0 t) lifting capacity. Contact factory for details.

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<b>Crane</b> Grove GMK5275 119.1' Main Boom at 58.5° Base: 100% Outriggers Counterweight: 169,700 lbs 57' Lift Radius (360°) Crane Capacity at 57' = 79,000 lbs	
<b>Load</b> Block 1,320 lbs Rigging 150 lbs <b>Total Rigging Weight 1,470 lbs</b> Load 60,494 lbs <b>Total Load 61,964 lbs</b> 78% of capacity	
<b>Crane</b> Grove GMK5275 119.1' Main Boom at 58.5° Base: 100% Outriggers Counterweight: 169,700 lbs 57' Lift Radius (360°) Crane Capacity at 57' = 79,000 lbs	
<b>Load</b> Block 1,320 lbs Rigging 150 lbs <b>Total Rigging Weight 1,470 lbs</b> Load 60,494 lbs <b>Total Load 61,964 lbs</b>	



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## Estimate Erection Plan

We know:

- Material Quantities for Erection
- Site conditions for access, shake out, potential use of mobile crane
- Furnished Tower Crane capacity at each pick point
- Piece weight of each crane pick of concern
- Know (or suspect) the need for engineered stability plan
- Desired schedule from GC/Owner
- Contract issues that might drive cost
- Column lengths for Tower crane picks
- Use of large mobile crane at the lower level to avoid cuts
  - Cost of Field welded splice CJP
  - Time required for splice and impact to schedule
  - Do splices need to be complete prior to setting the next tier?
- Shoring and stability requirements
  - Preliminary contact with erection engineer for cost and ideas
- Fabricator's shipping schedule
- Sequences for the job



## Estimate Erection Plan cont.

### We commit to the plan:

- Critical path Critical activity (often field welding or bolting)
- Staffing for this critical activity
- Equipment for this activity
- Second shift considerations or Overtime
- GC pour schedule drives clean up crew sizes
- **Preliminary site specific safety plan**
- Office management and field Project Engineer and Ironworker supervision



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## Williams Erection Company

### Risk & Safety Program


Site Specific Safety & Erection Plan  
Ally Charlotte Center  
601 South Tryon Street  
Charlotte, North Carolina



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**WEC/ASE**  
**Job Safety Analysis & Training**

**Fall Protection Anchorage**

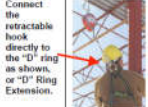
Tasks Performed	Hazards / Fall Injury Potential
We perform many tasks in steel erection that involve fall protection and the requirement to tie off to a proper anchorage. These include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Steel Erection</li> <li>➢ Welding</li> <li>➢ Use of Scaffolds</li> <li>➢ Climbing Vertical Ladders</li> <li>➢ Aerial Lift Operation</li> </ul>	Erection Activities Exposure You to Hazards & injuries such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Fall from Elevation</li> <li>➢ Fall from Scaffold</li> <li>➢ Fall from Ladders</li> </ul> Resulting in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Broken Bones</li> <li>➢ Severe Injury</li> <li>➢ Death</li> </ul>



Engineered Anchorage Point



Tie off to marked anchorage on the lift




Connect the retractable hook directly to the "D" ring as shown, or "D" Ring Extension.

**Keys to Controlling the Hazards**

- Only tie off to a proper anchorage capable of withstanding 5000 lbs of force/worker
- Tie off high – above your head if possible to limit fall distance.
- If using a choker, Use only a 5/16" choker for tie off. Use the shortest choker possible to wrap the structural member. Use the choker in basket.
- If using a retractable, affix the retractable to a proper anchorage with the manufacturer supplied carabiner.
- If tying off to a retractable, tie off the retractable hook directly to the harness "D" ring or to a proper "D" ring extension. Never connect a retractable to a shock absorbing lanyard
- WEC/ASE engineered fall protection systems such as Skinner lines, rat lines, horizontal life lines must be installed properly under the direction of a competent person and inspected on a daily basis, 3 clamps on each cable. Never saddle a dead horse.
- If using a rope grab, use rope in good condition and keep the rope grab above your head.
- If using a beamer, connect and adjust the beamer correctly.
- In an aerial lift – tie off only to the marked anchorage

**Protect Yourself & Save Your Life!**


51

### Fall Protection Cable Systems for Stadium Raker Erection



Clamp on Stanchion


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## Estimate Erection Plan cont.

We price the plan:

Labor:

- Raising gang(s)
- Plumbing and perimeter safety gang
- Bolt up
- Welding
- Decking
- Stud crew
- Stair crew
- Miscellaneous crew
- Site support
- Travel and per diem
- Weather delay estimate

Equipment:

- Cranes
- Man lifts
- Welding equipment
- Generator (if no power)
- Air compressor
- Hoisting



## Pricing continued:

### Tools and supplies:

- Welding electrode
- Preheating supplies
- Rigging
- Safety cable
- Posts
- Personal protection equipment
- Fuel
- Small tools
- Delivery



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## Formalize the: Erection Scope, Assumptions and Exclusions

- A. Engineered lift plan and logistics plan is not required or included.
- B. Price Based on all wide flange bracing with bolted splices.
- C. Welded Column Splices to be converted to PJP to resist indicated loads and an erection load of 200 Kip Feet of Moment.

### PROVISIONS:

- Access inside and around structure, including all roads, ramps, etc. to be provided and maintained by the general contractor.
- All steel and deck shall be sequenced by Williams Erection Company, delivered to the hook by the fabricator.
- No Marshaling of steel is included in this proposal. Controlling contractor (GC) to provide adequate area for unloading and shakeout of material within reach of the erecting cranes.
- Fabricator to provide a 13/16" diameter hole approximately 1' from each end of the top flange of each beam or girder framing column to column only for safety tie off system. Sketch available upon request.



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- Horizontal and vertical control lines to be by the general contractor.
- We include two strands of 3/8" galvanized aircraft cable to be installed at the perimeter and all major interior openings (including roof). Maintenance and removal will be by the general contractor including all handrail posts and becomes the property of the general contractor.
- This proposal is based on the current edition of **AISC "Code of Standard Practice"**.
- Power will be provided by the general contractor. 480 Volts, 3-Phase, 600 Amps. Including cost of power, hook up and material.
- All bent plate or continuous angles shall be shipped loose. If plate is loose then shop attach studs or deform anchors to vertical leg. Fabricator to provide outriggers for all bent plate 1'-0" or greater.



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- Fabricator to shop assemble all support frames to maximum extent possible.
- Sidelaps of all floor deck shall be "Button Punched".

**Exclusions:**

- Cost of bond
- Waiver of subrogation
- Builders Risk Deductible
- Liquidated Damages in excess of 1% of contract price

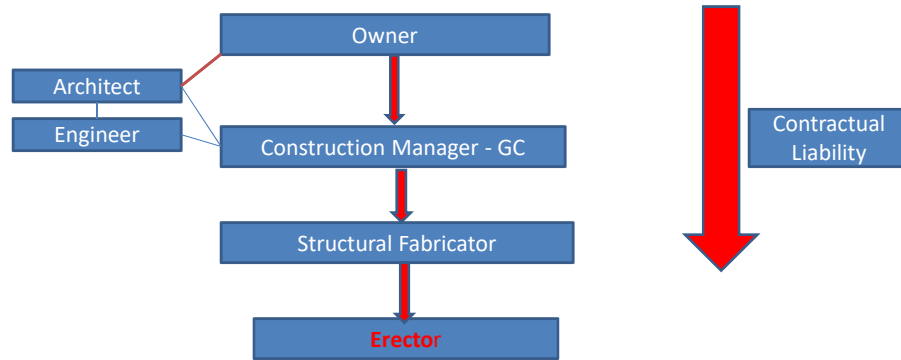


58



## Steel Erection Contractual Relationships

- **Subcontracted to the Structural Fabricator**



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### Scary Contractual Requirements...

- Contract flow down - **Incorporation of all the contracts above**
- **Schedule changes**
- Subcontractor agrees to comply with any schedule for the Project set forth in the Contract Documents, **and with any subsequent updates or modifications to the Project schedule issued by the Owner, the Prime Contractor, or Fabricator.**
- **Pay if Paid**  
Progress Payments, less applicable retainage, shall be paid to Subcontractor within 7 days after Fabricator receives payment from the Prime Contractor. To the extent enforceable under applicable law, **Fabricator's receipt of payment from the Prime Contractor is specifically made a condition precedent to Fabricator's obligation to make payment to the Subcontractor.** In the event of such nonpayment by the Owner or Prime Contractor, Subcontractor's rights and remedies shall be the same as those available to Fabricator under the Trade Contract.



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- Requirement to proceed without change orders

Time of the Essence - The Subcontractor agrees and recognizes that time is of the essence in its performance of this Subcontract Agreement. Subcontractor further recognizes that the Owner, the Prime Contractor, and Fabricator may sustain financial loss if the Project or any part of it is delayed because the Subcontractor fails to perform any or all of its Work in accordance with the Contract Subcontract Agreement. Subcontractor agrees to begin performance when directed by Fabricator and to perform in such a manner, at such times, and in such order as Fabricator may direct, so as not to delay the Project.

**Subcontractor agrees that in the event of any claim, dispute or other matter in question arising out of or relating to this Subcontract Agreement (hereinafter "dispute"), the Subcontractor shall continue to diligently perform all obligations as required under this Agreement and will not directly or indirectly stop or delay the Work in any way, notwithstanding the existence of such dispute(s).**



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With the signing of the contract the marriage is official.  
Torchio's two laws of construction contracts:

- 1. A bad contract with a good customer is much to be preferred to a good contract with a bad customer**
- 2. Perfect performance of the parties obviates the contract.**

**The way to assure the contract stays in the drawer is to perform as expected and communicate with your customer.**



The Golden Rule  
Bonding  
Legal Process  
Mediation  
Arbitration  
Court



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## **PART TWO**

### **We have a job!**

- Pre detailing meeting to request changes for ease of erection or economic betterment
- Erector Pre mobilization planning
- Site specific Erection plan
- Engineered Stability Plan (if required)
- Doing the Work



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## **Pre Mobilization Planning**

### **Fabricator's pre detailing meeting**

- **Finalize sequencing**
  - **Driven by lay down area, shake out area, delivery restriction for traffic control**
- **Finalize connection design for erection ease**
- **Welded splice joint design**
- **Erection connections for hoisting**
- **Stability provisions**



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### Erection Sequence Plan from Site Erection Plan

Note that multiple sequences may arrive on site and be unloaded, cribbed and spread in laydown area or erected directly off of truck. For clarity, we are listing the receiving of each sequence in order. Basic Erection Sequence is to erect columns, erect beams so as to box in floor by floor for column stability in addition to connecting frame to core concrete embeds. This erection plan may be adjusted at the discretion of the WEC project manager and foreman.

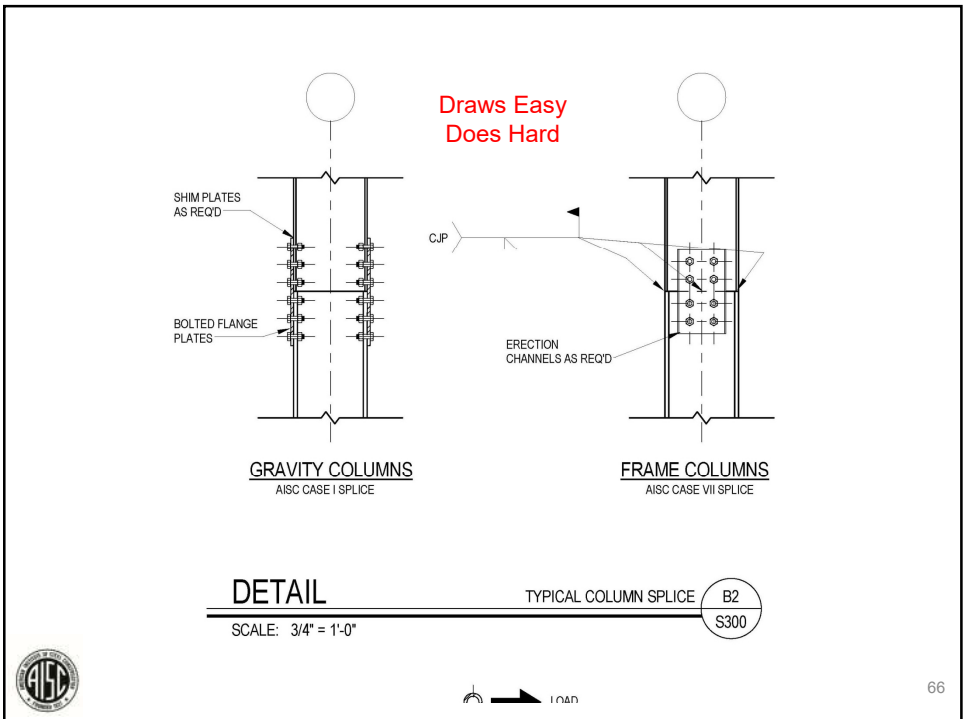
The Basic Sequence Summary Tables Are As Follows:

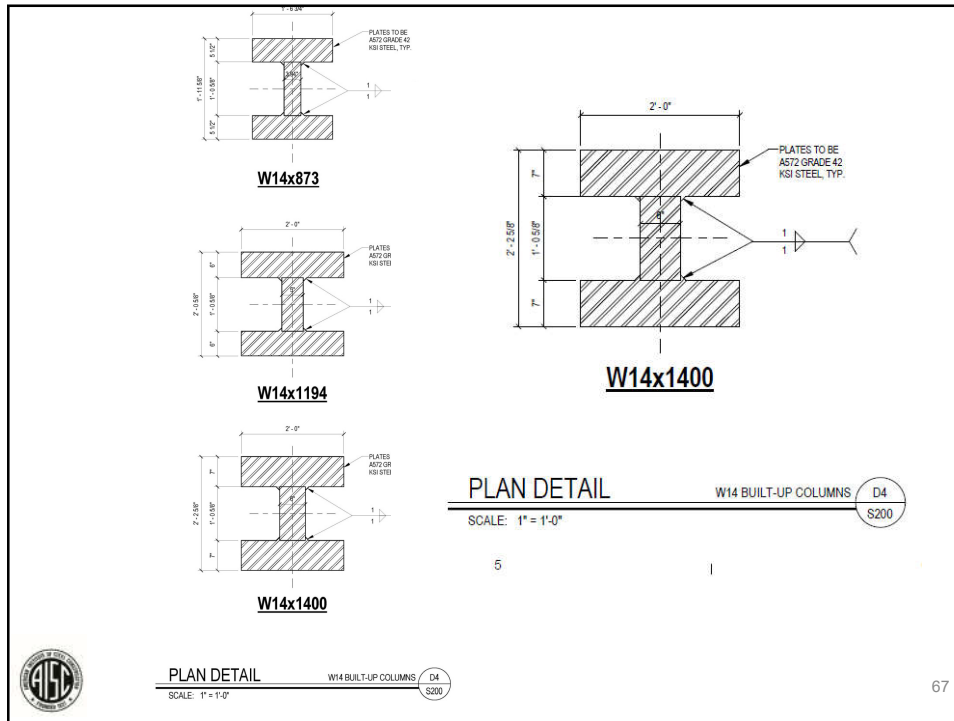
**Steel Erection Project Set Up**

Sequence #	Description – 300 Tryon Tower Erection Set Up
Set Up	Verify Field Survey Anchor Bolts and Shear Wall Embeds – All Sequences as Tower Proceeds
Set Up	Locate and Set up WEC office and con ex
Set Up	Locate and Arrange Electrical for Welding Equipment
Set Up	Inspect Rigging and Check Rigging Certification for All Riggers
Set Up	Perform WEC safety orientation for initial crew

**Embed and Connection Material Steel Erection**

Sequence #	Embed Sequences
1	Verify & Install Embeds Below Ground - Follow Embed Drawings
2	Verify & Install Embeds Ground Floor to Level 5 - Follow Embed Drawings
3	Verify & Install Embeds Level 6 to Level 5 - Follow Embed Drawings
4	Verify & Install Embeds Level 16 & Above - Follow Embed Drawings
Sequence #	Clips / Connection Material to Concrete
5	Verify & Install Clips & Connection Steel Below Ground Floor – Follow Connection Drawings
6	Verify & Install Clips & Connection Steel Ground Floor to Level 5
7	Verify & Install Clips & Connection Steel Level 6 to Level 16
8	Verify & Install Clips & Connection Steel Level 16 & Above
Sequence #	Canopy @ Level 2 and 3
9	Erect Canopy Steel Level 2 Erection on Hold
10	Erect Canopy Steel Level 3 Erection on Hold





**Complete Joint Penetration (CJP) for W14 x 1194**

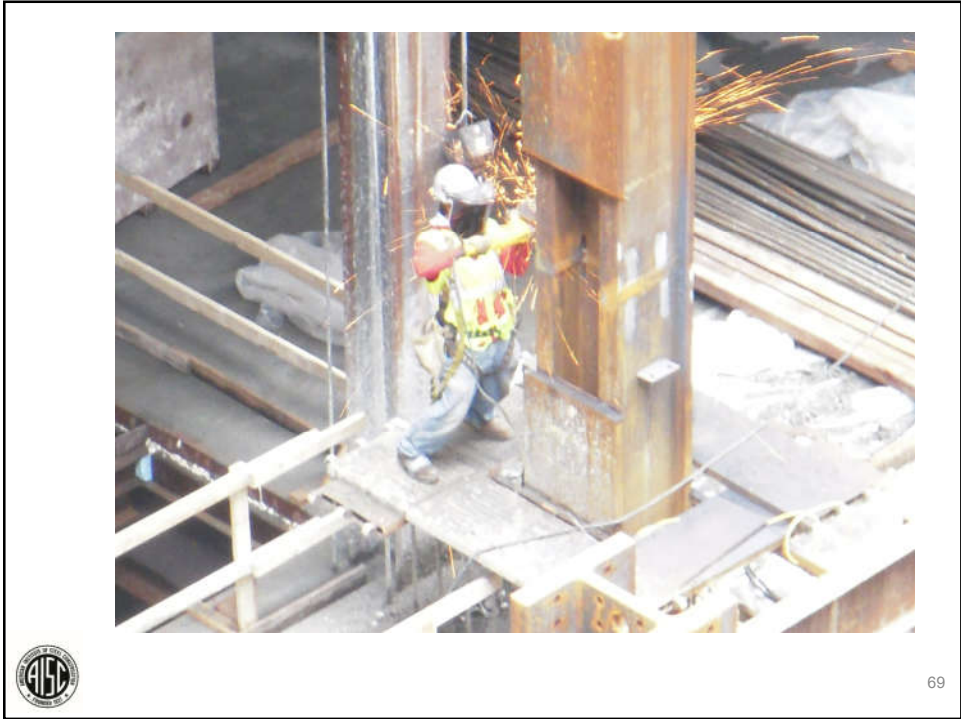
Assume 30 degree bevel, 3/8 root - AWS D1.1  
Prequalified B U 4a (leaving out the web)

Flange weld area  $6'' \times 3.46'' \times 24'' = 498 \text{ in}^3$   
 Root opening  $2 @ 6'' \times .375 \times 24'' = 108 \text{ in}^3$   
 Run off tabs  $4 @ (6'' \times 3.46 \times 2'') / 2 = 83 \text{ in}^3$

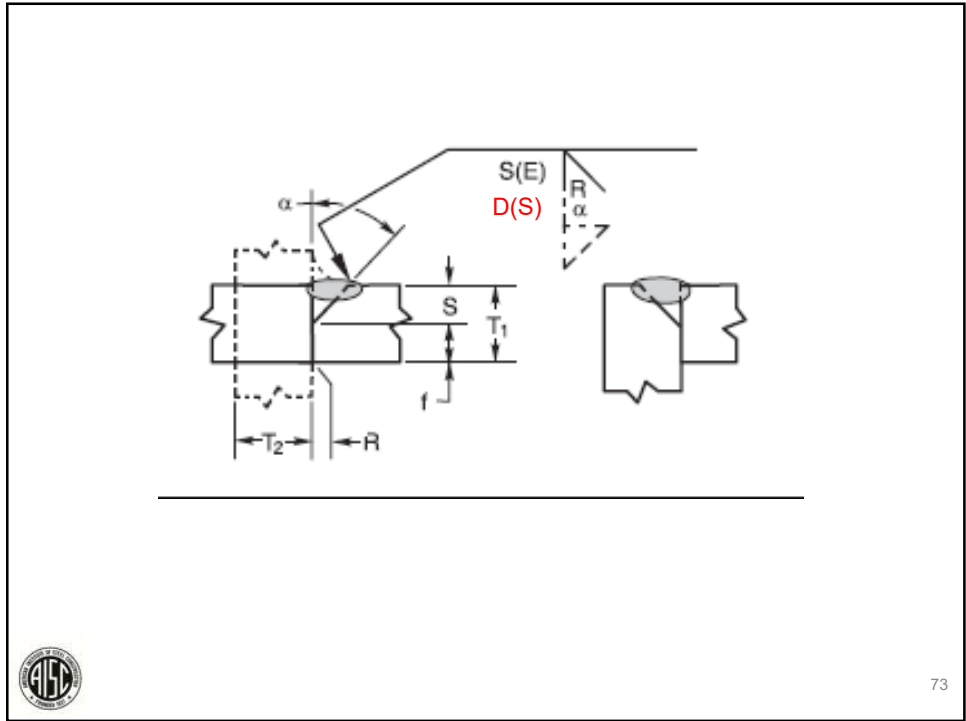
**Total Volume 690 in<sup>3</sup> Steel weight 193 lbs.  
 FCAW weight 230 lbs.**

Assuming a welder deposits 35 lbs. of FCAW an  
 8 hour shift this is a **6.5 Man day column splice**









**PJP for W14 x 1194**

Assume 45 degree bevel, AWS D1.1 Prequalified BTC P4 GF  
Weld Groove from Table 3.25"

Flange weld area  $3.25" \times 3.25" \times 24" = 254 \text{ in}^3$   
 Root opening 0  
 Run off tabs  $4@ (3.25" \times 3.25 \times 1.5")/2 = 32 \text{ in}^3$

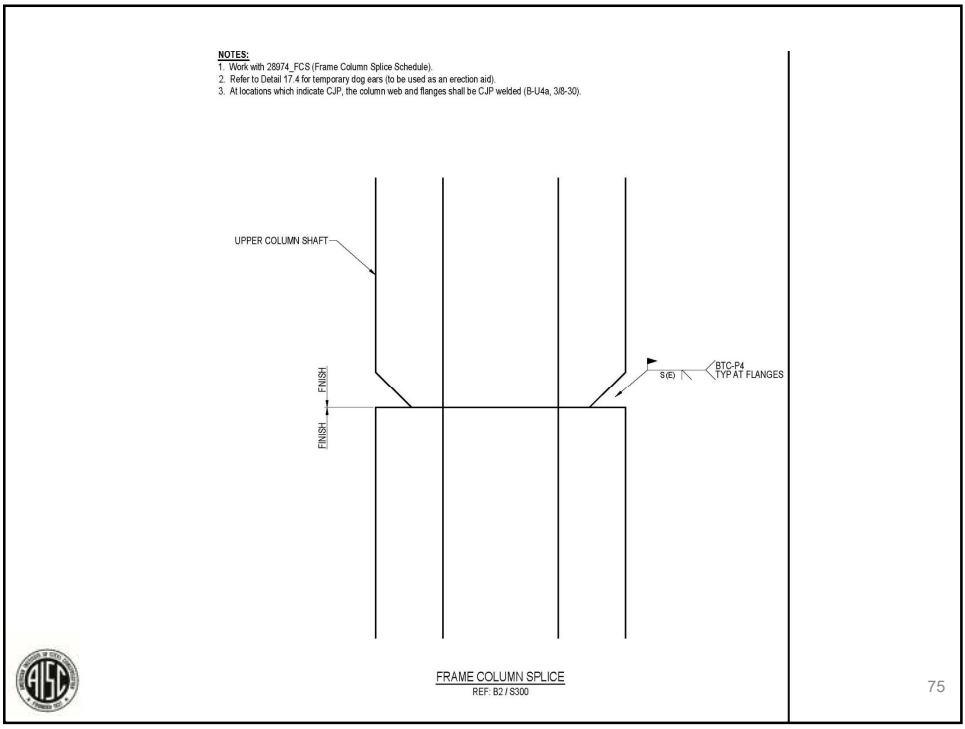
Total Volume  $286 \text{ in}^3$  Steel weight 80 lbs. FCAW weight 95 lbs.

Assuming a welder deposits 50 lbs. of FCAW an 8 hour shift  
 this is a **1.9 Man day column splice**

Labor saving by using PJP = 4.6 man days  
 Direct labor cost at \$50 per hour = \$1,840  
 Indirect savings ??

The AISC logo is in the bottom left corner, and the number 74 is in the bottom right corner.





**Some Interesting  
Jobs and Special  
Erection  
Considerations**

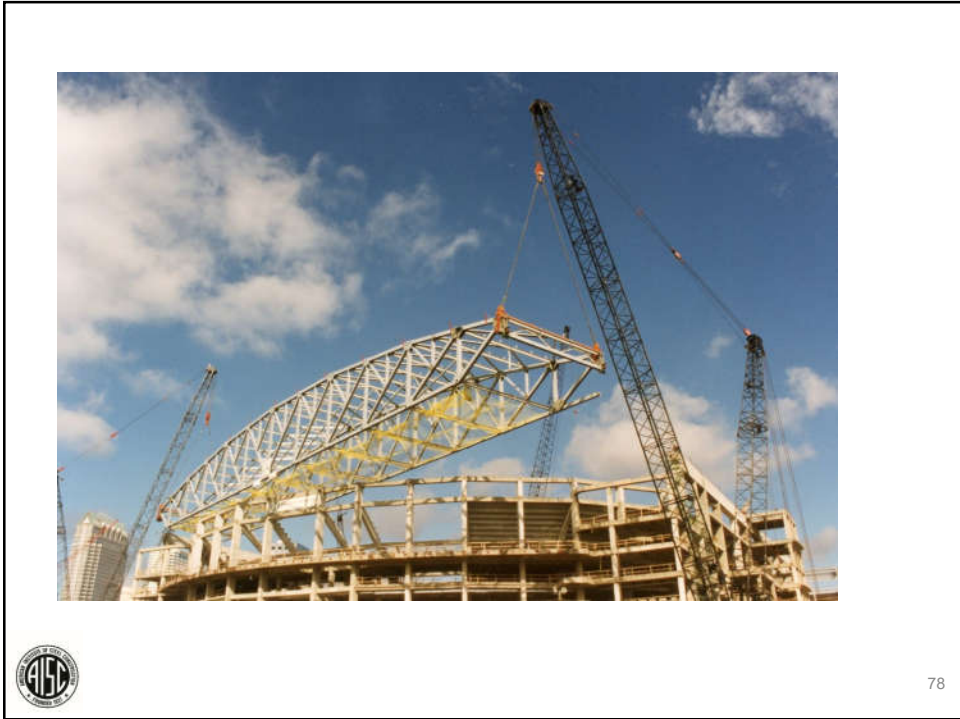


76



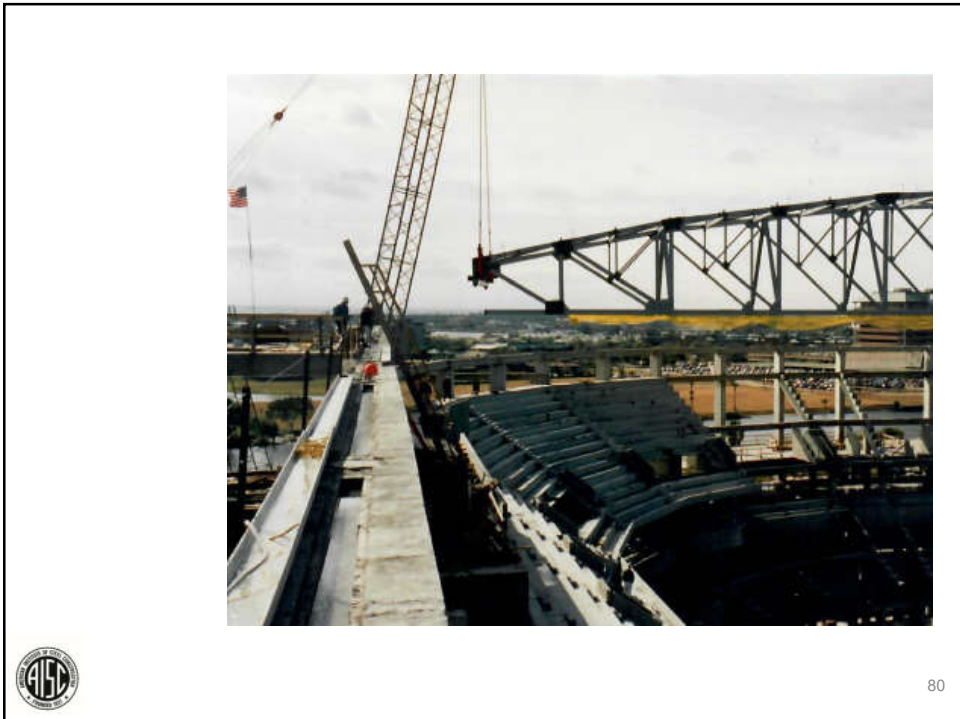


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Multi Crane Combinations



Concrete cored building with exterior cranes tied off to the core prevented cranes going higher. Third crane installed to complete skin and steel erection



**Alternative Hoisting  
20,000 Lb. Capacity**



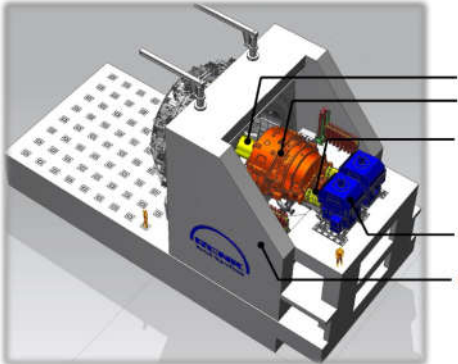
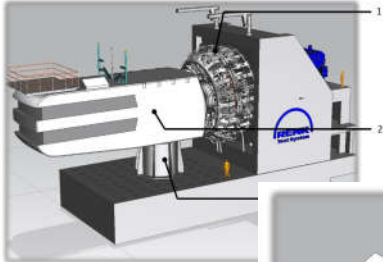
Precision Placement of Concrete Embed



Small (relatively) but precise

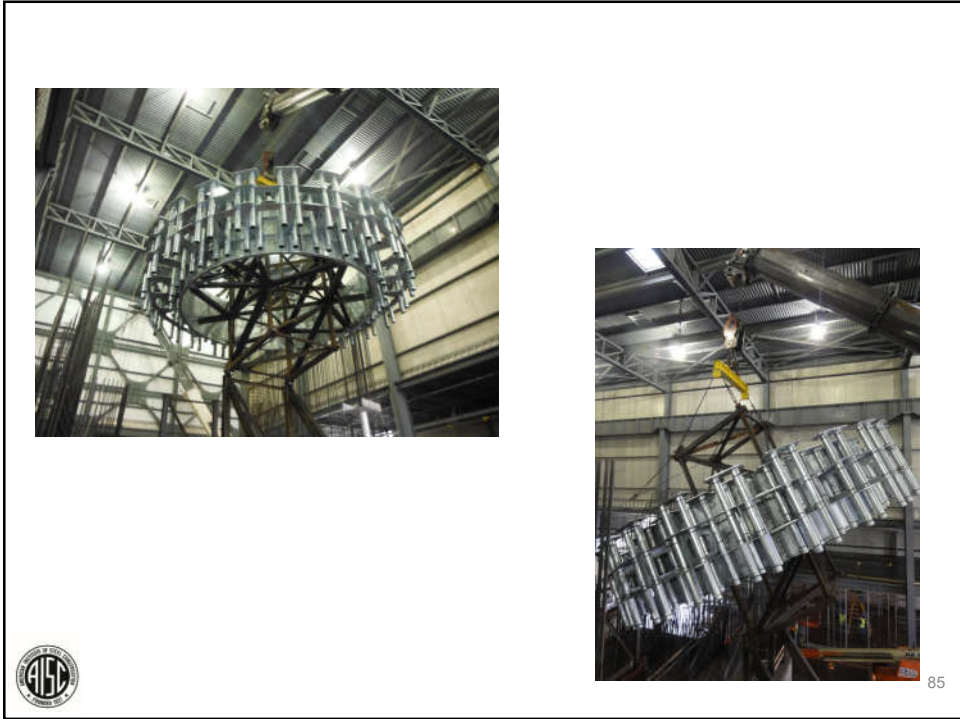
83

15 Mega Watt Test Stand



84





Large Cranes  
600 Ton Lifts

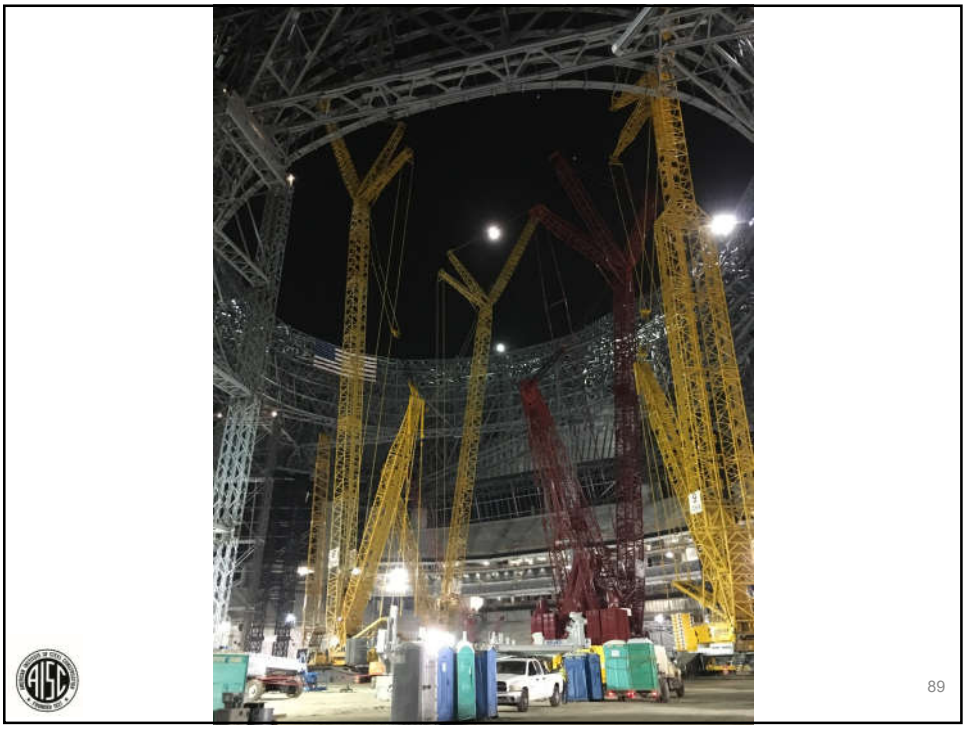


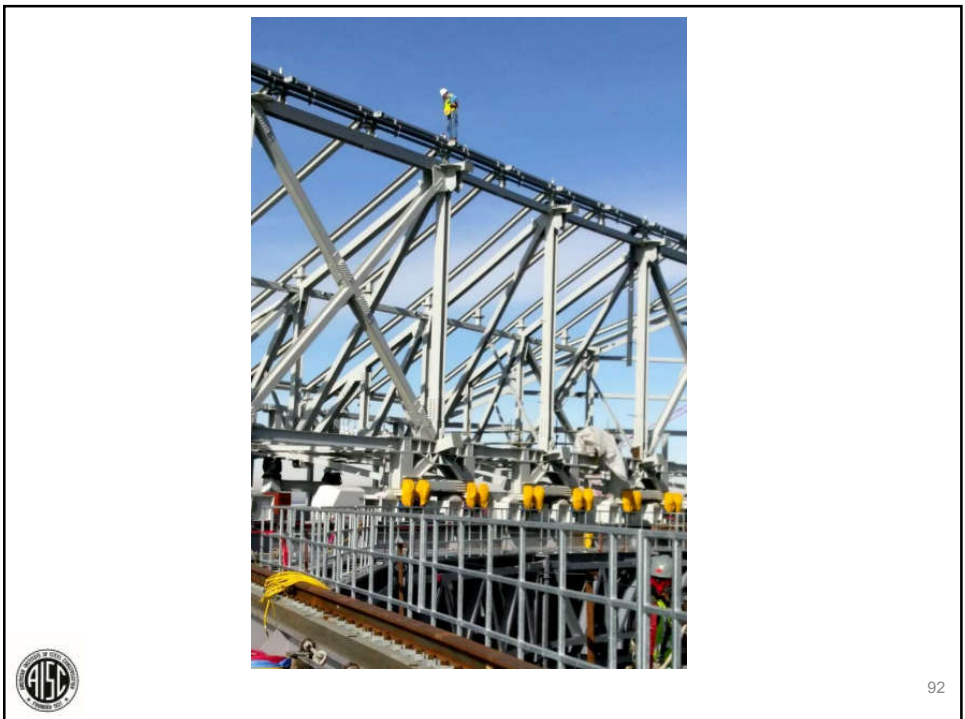
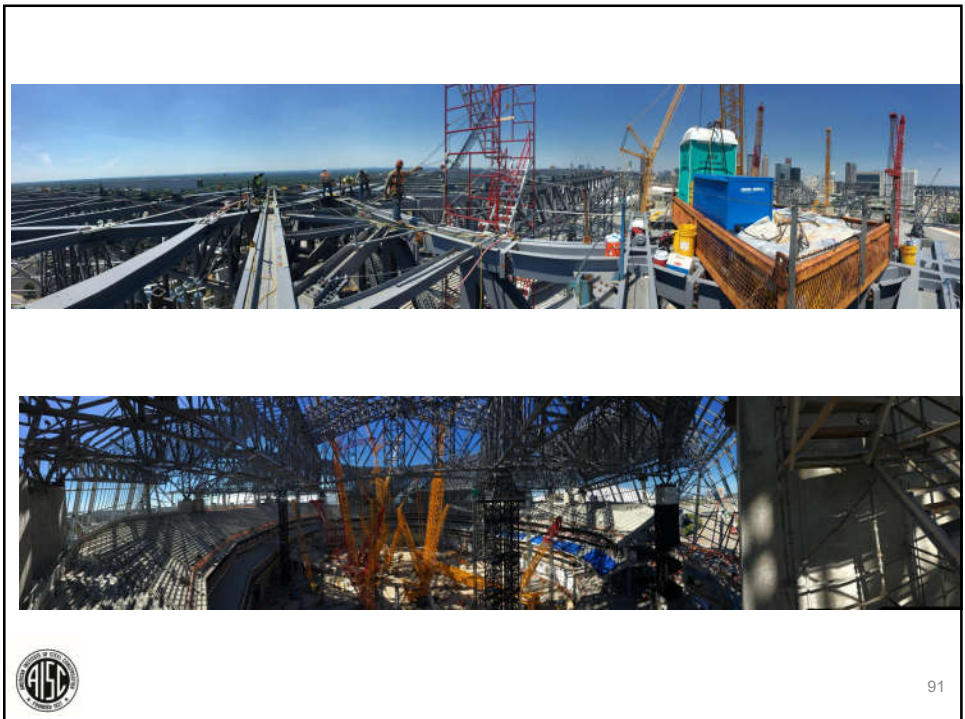
87




88










Alternative to use of large cranes:

Derrick VS  
500 ton  
Truck Crane

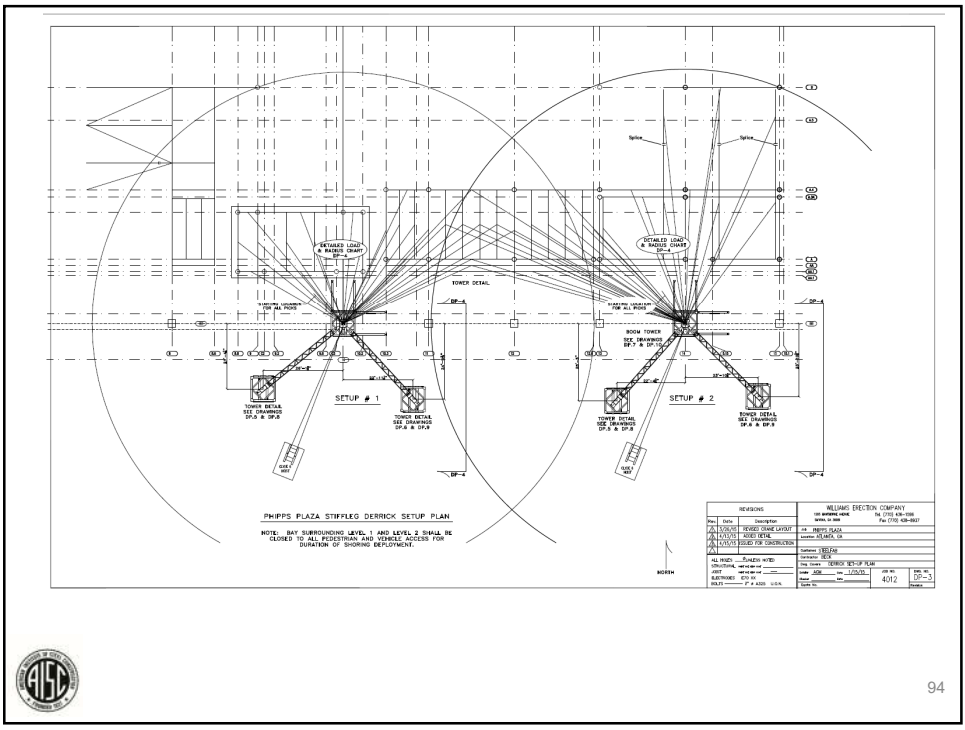
\$3,500/  
Month

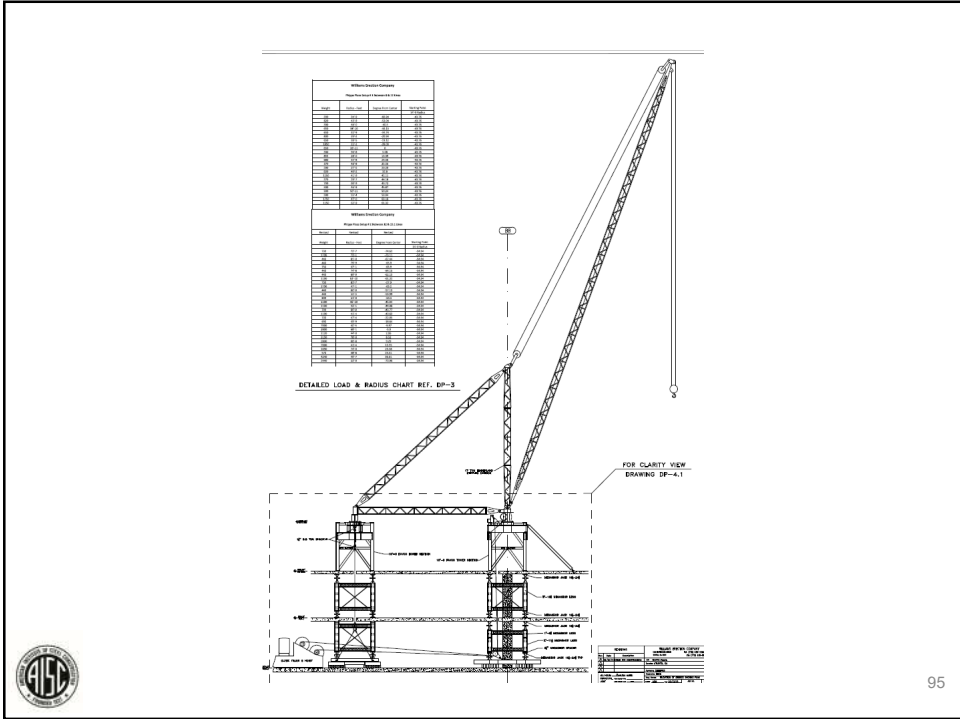
VS

\$4,000/ day



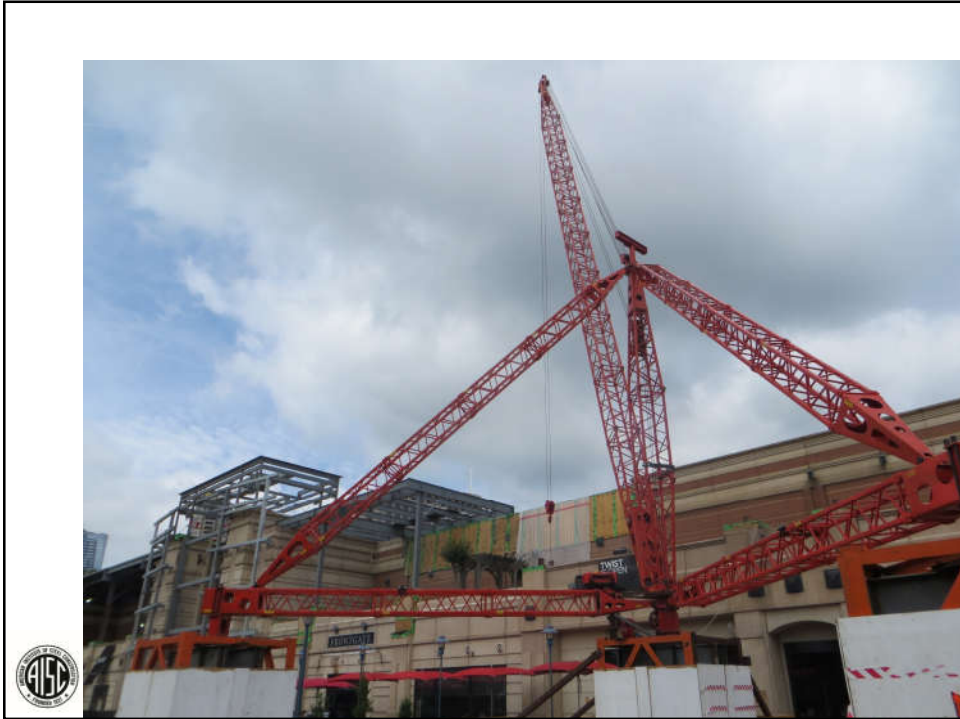
93

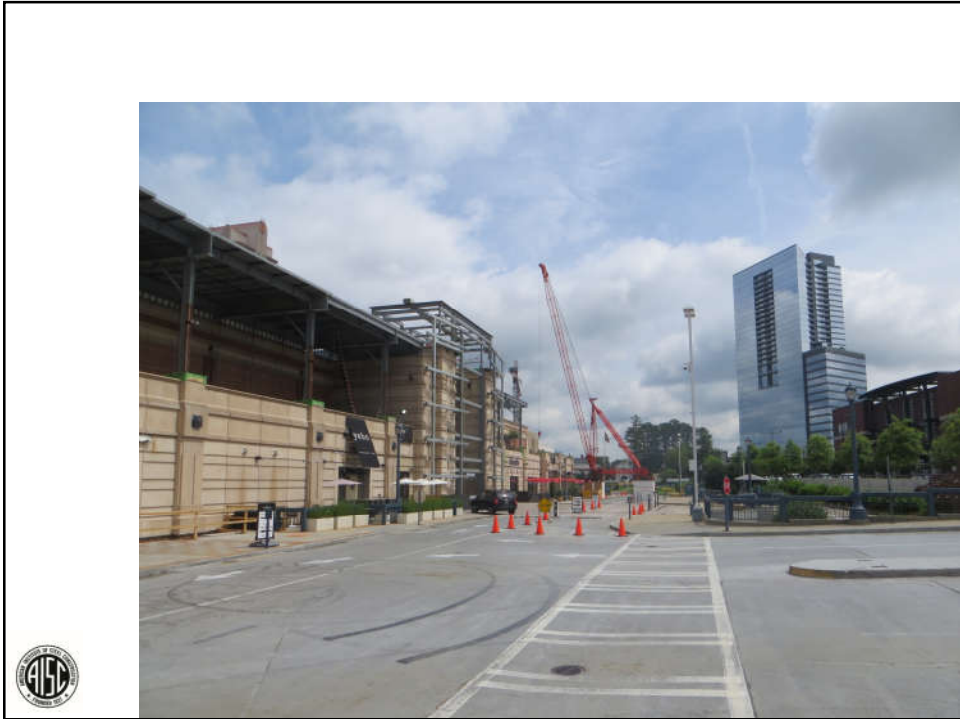




Williams Erection Company			
Phipps Plaza Setup # 1 Between 8 & 12 Lines			
Weight	Radius - Feet	Degree From Center	Starting Point
			14'-0 Radius
390	34'-9	-60.24	-43.76
820	43'-9	-52.04	-43.76
300	48'-0	-40.5	-43.76
650	38'-10	-46.13	-43.76
650	32'-9	-34.74	-43.76
800	39'-2	-20.94	-43.76
650	28'-5	-19.12	-43.76
1850	22'-2	-39.06	-43.76
650	26'-11	0	-43.76
300	36'-8	5.08	-43.76
855	28'-0	13.39	-43.76
680	33'-8	24.56	-43.76
370	48'-8	25.56	-43.76
500	37'-5	29.59	-43.76
920	40'-2	35.8	-43.76
1150	41'-9	42.11	-43.76
370	29'-7	44.18	-43.76
730	60'-9	43.72	-43.76
500	46'-9	45.87	-43.76
500	50'-11	50.24	-43.76
500	55'-4	53.94	-43.76
1750	47'-0	63.16	-43.76
1150	63'-9	61.32	-43.76








**Engineered Erection Plans**


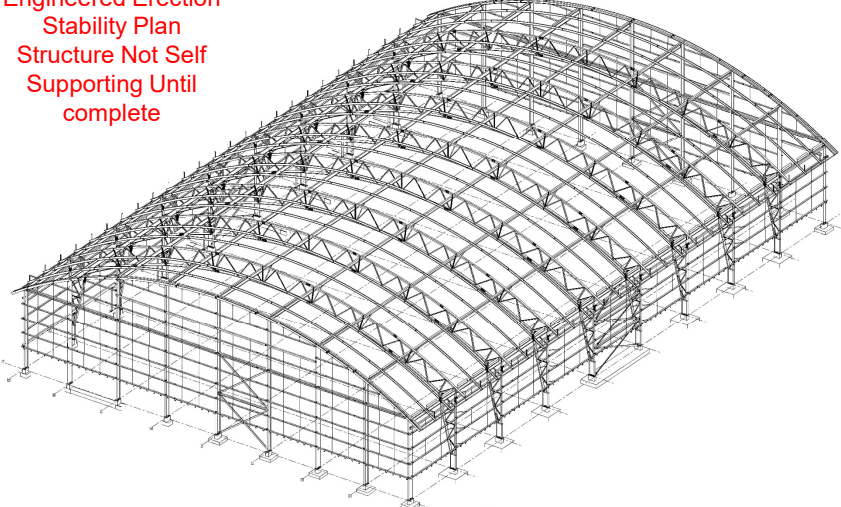
**Big and Light**

**Big and Heavy**

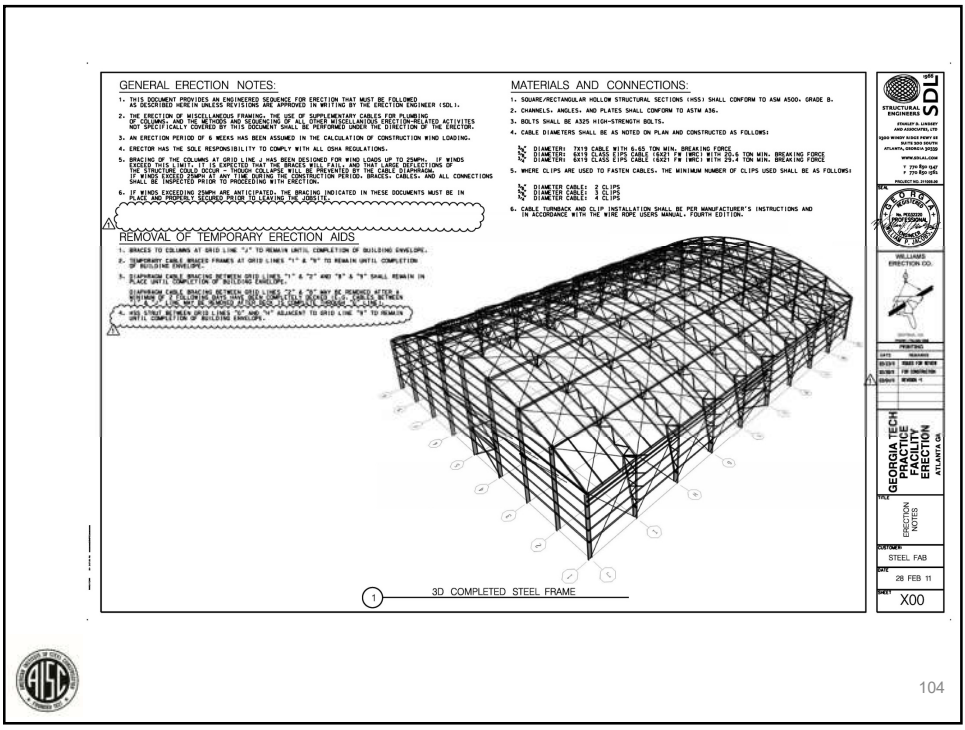
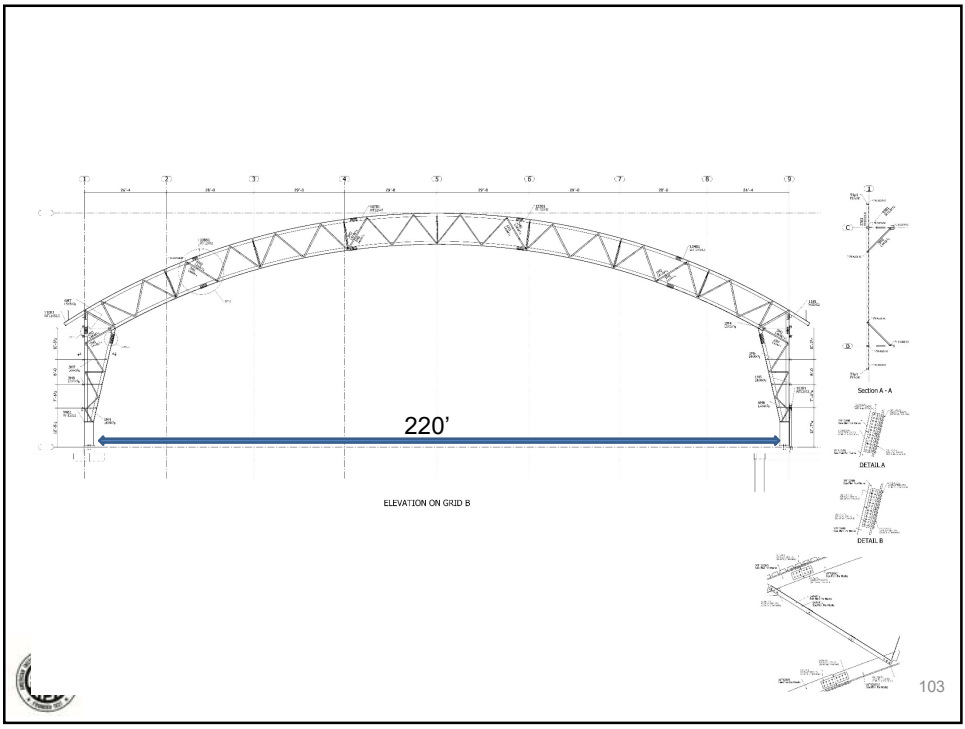


101

**Georgia Tech Football Practice Facility**  
Engineered Erection  
Stability Plan  
Structure Not Self Supporting Until complete



102





**GENERAL ERECTION NOTES:**

1. THIS DOCUMENT PROVIDES AN ENGINEERED SEQUENCE FOR ERECTION THAT MUST BE FOLLOWED AS DESCRIBED HEREIN UNLESS REVISIONS ARE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE ERECTION ENGINEER (SOL).
2. THE ERECTION OF MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING, THE USE OF SUPPLEMENTARY CABLES FOR PLUMBING OF COLUMNS, AND THE METHODS AND SEQUENCING OF ALL OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ERECTION-RELATED ACTIVITIES NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED BY THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE ERECTOR.
3. AN ERECTION PERIOD OF 6 WEEKS HAS BEEN ASSUMED IN THE CALCULATION OF CONSTRUCTION WIND LOADING.
4. ERECTOR HAS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO COMPLY WITH ALL OSHA REGULATIONS.
5. BRACING OF THE COLUMNS AT GRID LINE J HAS BEEN DESIGNED FOR WIND LOADS UP TO 25MPH. IF WINDS EXCEED THIS LIMIT, IT IS EXPECTED THAT THE BRACES WILL FAIL, AND THAT LARGE DEFLECTIONS OF THE STRUCTURE COULD OCCUR - THOUGH COLLAPSE WILL BE PREVENTED BY THE CABLE DIAPHRAGM. IF WINDS EXCEED 25MPH AT ANY TIME DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD, BRACES, CABLES, AND ALL CONNECTIONS SHALL BE INSPECTED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ERECTION.
6. IF WINDS EXCEEDING 25MPH ARE ANTICIPATED, THE BRACING INDICATED IN THESE DOCUMENTS MUST BE IN PLACE AND PROPERLY SECURED PRIOR TO LEAVING THE JOBSITE.

**REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY ERECTION AIDS**

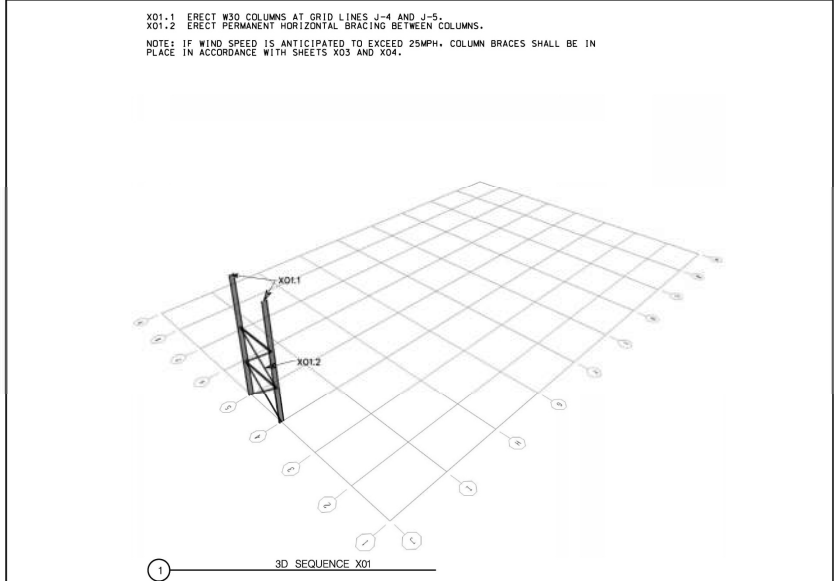
1. BRACES TO COLUMNS AT GRID LINE "J" TO REMAIN UNTIL COMPLETION OF BUILDING ENVELOPE.
2. TEMPORARY CABLE BRACED FRAMES AT GRID LINES "1" & "9" TO REMAIN UNTIL COMPLETION OF BUILDING ENVELOPE.
3. DIAPHRAGM CABLE BRACING BETWEEN GRID LINES "1" & "2" AND "8" & "9" SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL COMPLETION OF BUILDING ENVELOPE.  
 DIAPHRAGM CABLE BRACING BETWEEN GRID LINES "2" & "8" MAY BE REMOVED AFTER A MINIMUM OF 2 FOLLOWING BAYS HAVE BEEN COMPLETELY DECKED (E.G. CABLES BETWEEN "2" & "3" LINE MAY BE REMOVED AFTER DECK IS COMPLETE THROUGH "3" LINE).
4. HSS STRUT BETWEEN GRID LINES "G" AND "H" ADJACENT TO GRID LINE "9" TO REMAIN UNTIL COMPLETION OF BUILDING ENVELOPE.


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X01.1 ERECT W30 COLUMNS AT GRID LINES J-4 AND J-5.  
 X01.2 ERECT PERMANENT HORIZONTAL BRACING BETWEEN COLUMNS.

NOTE: IF WIND SPEED IS ANTICIPATED TO EXCEED 25MPH, COLUMN BRACES SHALL BE IN PLACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SHEETS X03 AND X04.




3D SEQUENCE X01





**SDI**  
 STRUCTURAL DESIGN  
 INCORPORATED  
 1775 BAY DRIVE  
 ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30329  
 WWW.SDI.COM  
 770.591.0000  
 770.591.0001  
 PROJECT NO. 100000000



WILLIAMS  
 ERECTION CO.  
 100000000

DATE: 28 FEB 11  
 DRAWN BY: [Signature]  
 CHECKED BY: [Signature]  
 DESIGNED BY: [Signature]

**GEORGIA TECH**  
 FACILITY  
 ERECTION  
 ATLANTA, GA

TYPE:  
 ERECTION  
 SEQUENCE  
 X01

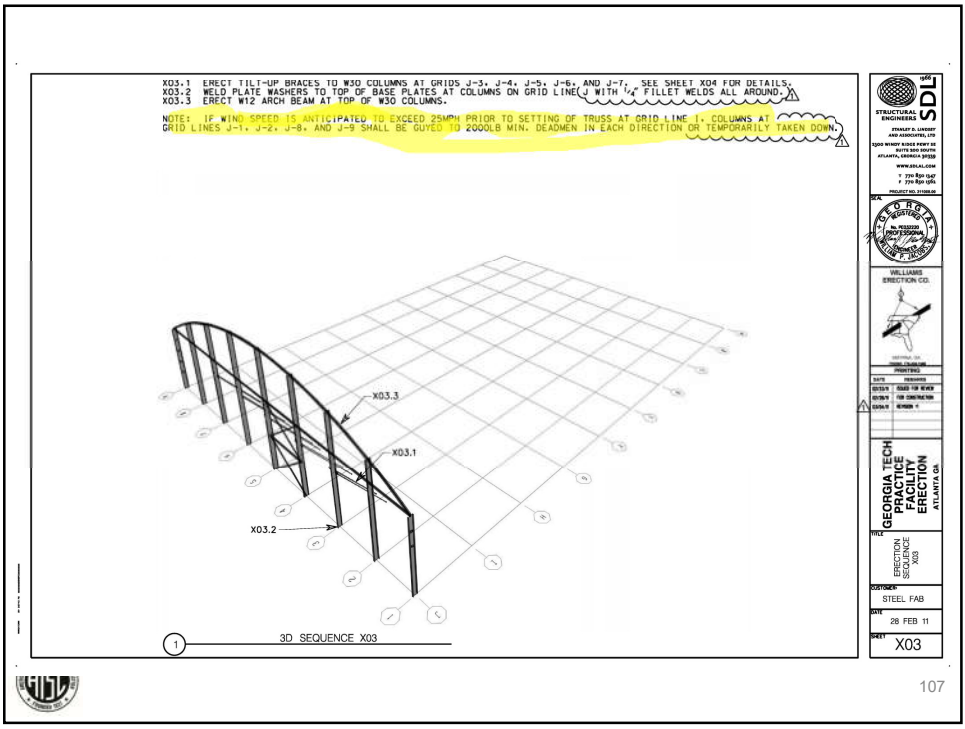
OWNER:  
 STEEL FAB

DATE:  
 28 FEB 11

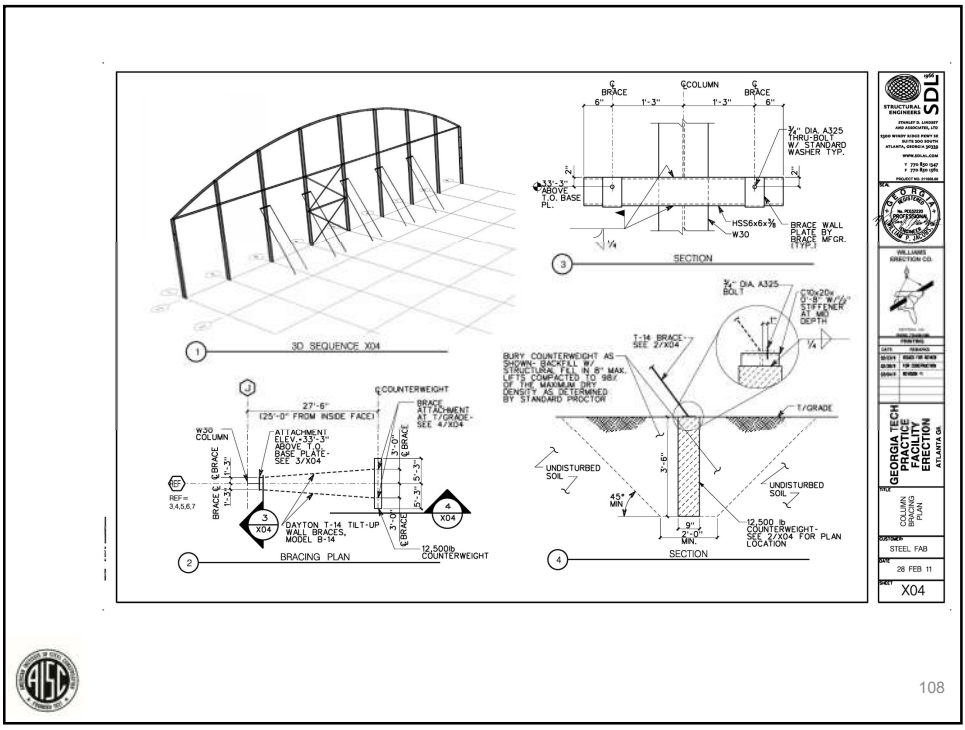
REV:  
 X01

106





107



108





WHILE TRUSS IS STILL ON HOOK:  
 X08.1 ERECT W21 FRAME BEAMS  
 X08.2 ERECT L4x4 BOTTOM CHORD KICKERS  
 X08.3 ERECT 3/4" CABLE BRACING AT END BAYS PER DETAIL 3/X08  
 X08.4 CABLE BRACING SHALL BE TAUT WITH A MAXIMUM VERTICAL SAG OF 1.5 INCHES AFTER INSTALLATION.  
 X08.5 ERECT HSS8x8x5/16 MEMBERS. REINFORCE PRIOR TO ERECTION PER DETAIL 2/X08.  
 X08.6 ERECT L5x5 HORIZONTAL BRACE BETWEEN HSS8x8 AND TRUSS.  
 KEEP TRUSS ON HOOK AND PROCEED TO SHEET X09

NOTE: BOTTOM CHORD KICKERS AND L5x5 COLUMN BRACES FOR TRUSS ERECTION HAVE BEEN ADDED TO OPPOSITE SIDE OF TRUSSES FROM THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS AT GRID LINES 1, G, E, AND C. BOTH ORIGINAL AND ADDED MEMBERS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE PERMANENTLY.

OUTSIDE BUILDING FACE

HSS8x8x5/16 (TYP. 16 LOCATIONS ATTACHED TO CL. 16-0)

ATTACH 3/4" CABLE TO MIN. 3-WRAPPS OF 3/4" CABLE OR LOOP 3/4" CABLE THROUGH ITSELF - PROVIDE CORNER PROTECTION AT COLLECTOR PL.

COLLECTOR PL. ASSEMBLY

W21

3/4" DIA. CABLES TYP. - SEE X08.4

ATTACH TO LUG AT COLUMN BASE - SEE SHEET X08.B FOR DETAILS

NOTE: ALL SHACKLES, IN-LINE TURNBUCKLES, AND OTHER ERECTION ACCESSORIES USED IN THIS FRAME SHALL HAVE A SAFE WORKING LOAD OF 40 KIPS WITH MINIMUM 3:1 SAFETY FACTOR COMPARED TO ULTIMATE BREAKING STRENGTH.

SDI	STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS STEPHEN C. LINDSEY AND ASSOCIATES, LLC 1000 WINDY RIDGE PARK DR ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30339 www.sdi.com 770.841.0400 PROJECT NO. H11004
WILLIAMS	ERECTOR COL.
GEORGIA TECH	RESEARCH FACILITY ERECTION ATLANTA, GA
STEEL FAB	DATE: 28 FEB 11
X08	

111



112





Project: RSA Judicial Office Building  
Location: Montgomery, AL  
GC: Bailey Harris  
Fabricator: Steelfab

Project consisted of 3- 150 ft. span two story transfer trusses supporting a nine story building over a National Historic Register Building in downtown Montgomery. The trusses were assembled in place utilizing an outrigger skyhook system anchored to the adjacent concrete structure for the first truss. Truss elevation was managed by hydraulic jacking system.

Engineered erection plan and procedure was provided

Total Truss Weight for Each Truss – 300 tons fully assembled.

Hoisting by 500 ton hydraulic Liebherr Luffing Crane



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Project: RSA Judicial Office Building  
Location: Montgomery, AL  
GC: Bailey Harris  
Fabricator: Steelfab

Erection and assembly of the final truss sections supported by the skyhook system connected to previously erected trusses. Each truss consisted of over 400 ft. of field welding and 16,000 bolts per truss.



114



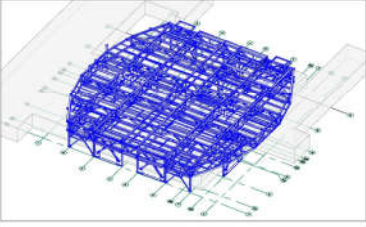
## ERECTION NOTES

**GENERAL ERECTION NOTES**

1. THIS DOCUMENT PROVIDES AN ENGINEERED SEQUENCE FOR ERECTION THAT MUST BE FOLLOWED AS DESCRIBED HEREIN UNLESS REVISIONS ARE APPROVED IN WRITING BY STANLEY D. LINDSEY AND ASSOCIATES (SDL).
2. THE ERECTION OF MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING, THE USE OF SUPPLEMENTARY CABLES FOR PLUMBING OF COLUMNS, AND THE METHODS AND SEQUENCING OF ALL OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ERECTION RELATED ACTIVITIES NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED BY THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE ERECTOR.
3. AN ERECTION PERIOD OF SIX WEEKS TO ONE YEAR HAS BEEN ASSUMED FOR THE PODIUM STEEL IN THE CALCULATION OF CONSTRUCTION WIND LOADINGS.
4. ERECTOR HAS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO COMPLY WITH ALL OSHA REGULATIONS.
5. CONNECTION DESIGN OF TRUSS CONNECTIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION LOADINGS WAS DELEGATED TO STEELFAB INC. FINAL CONSTRUCTION FORCES WERE PROVIDED TO STEELFAB BY SDL ON JUNE 20, 2011, WITH A SUPPLEMENTARY EMAIL DATED JULY 29, 2011.
6. THE ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF TEMPORARY BRACED FRAMES AND THEIR CONNECTIONS FOR ERECTION WAS PERFORMED BY SDL AS ILLUSTRATED IN THE X4 SERIES DRAWINGS DATED JUNE 20, 2011.
7. THE GENERAL ERECTION SEQUENCING INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE DETAILED ERECTION DRAWINGS PROVIDED BY STEELFAB INC.
8. MEMBERS ILLUSTRATED WITHIN EACH SEQUENCE IN RED ARE NEW TO THAT SEQUENCE, AND MEMBERS ILLUSTRATED IN BLUE HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY ERECTED.
9. THE EXACT ORDER OF THE SUB STEPS (LETTERED A, B, C, ETC) WITHIN EACH MAIN TRUSS ERECTION STEP IS NOT CRITICAL PROVIDED THAT ALL STEPS ARE COMPLETE PRIOR TO RELEASING THE TRUSS SECTION FROM THE CRANE.
10. ALL COLUMN BASEPLATES MUST BE GROUTED AND GROUT MUST ACHIEVE 75% OF ITS SPECIFIED 28-DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH PRIOR TO ERECTION OF THE SUPPORTED TRUSS SECTION.
11. SEE STEELFAB SHEET E250 FOR TYPICAL TRUSS DETAILS INCLUDING ERECTION SEQUENCING INFORMATION FOR THE COMPLETION OF TRUSS CHORD SPLICES, WIND PLATE CONNECTIONS, LOOSE COVER PLATES, AND TEMPORARY GUSSET ERECTION AIDS.

**MATERIALS AND CONNECTIONS**

1. SQUARE/RECTANGULAR HOLLOW STRUCTURAL SECTIONS (HSS) SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A500, GRADE B.
2. CHANNELS, ANGLES, AND PLATES SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A36.
3. BOLTS SHALL BE A307 OR A490 HIGH-STRENGTH BOLTS.
4. CABLE DIAMETERS SHALL BE AS NOTED ON PLAN AND CONSTRUCTED AS FOLLOWS:
  - 3/8" DIAMETER: 7X19 CABLE WITH 6.65 TON WEN, BREAKING FORCE
  - 3/4" DIAMETER: 8X19 CLASS EIPS CABLE (6X27 FV IMC) WITH 20.6 TON WEN, BREAKING FORCE
  - 3/4" DIAMETER: 8X19 CLASS EIPS CABLE (6X27 FV IMC) WITH 20.4 TON WEN, BREAKING FORCE
5. WHERE CLIPS ARE USED TO FASTEN CABLES, THE MINIMUM NUMBER OF CLIPS USED SHALL BE:
  - 3/8" DIAMETER CABLE: 2 CLIPS
  - 5/8" DIAMETER CABLE: 3 CLIPS
  - 3/4" DIAMETER CABLE: 4 CLIPS
6. CABLE TURNBACK AND CLIP INSTALLATION SHALL BE PER MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WIRE ROPE USERS MANUAL, FOURTH EDITION.



3D OVERALL PODIUM VIEW

1

**ERECTION NOTES**


**STEELFAB**

08/05/11

**X5-1**

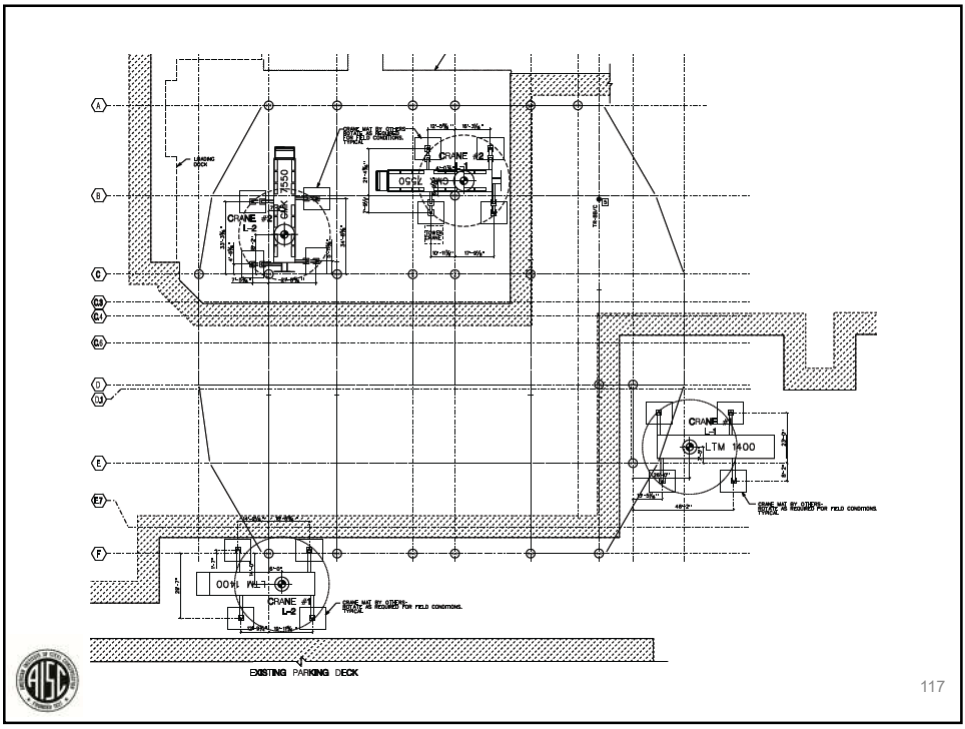
115

1. THIS DOCUMENT PROVIDES AN ENGINEERED SEQUENCE FOR ERECTION THAT MUST BE FOLLOWED AS DESCRIBED HEREIN UNLESS REVISIONS ARE APPROVED IN WRITING BY STANLEY D. LINDSEY AND ASSOCIATES (SDL).
2. THE ERECTION OF MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING, THE USE OF SUPPLEMENTARY CABLES FOR PLUMBING OF COLUMNS, AND THE METHODS AND SEQUENCING OF ALL OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ERECTION RELATED ACTIVITIES NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED BY THIS DOCUMENT SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE ERECTOR.
3. AN ERECTION PERIOD OF SIX WEEKS TO ONE YEAR HAS BEEN ASSUMED FOR THE PODIUM STEEL IN THE CALCULATION OF CONSTRUCTION WIND LOADINGS.
4. ERECTOR HAS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO COMPLY WITH ALL OSHA REGULATIONS.
5. CONNECTION DESIGN OF TRUSS CONNECTIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION LOADINGS WAS DELEGATED TO STEELFAB INC. FINAL CONSTRUCTION FORCES WERE PROVIDED TO STEELFAB BY SDL ON JUNE 20, 2011, WITH A SUPPLEMENTARY EMAIL DATED JULY 29, 2011.
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11. SEE STEELFAB SHEET E250 FOR TYPICAL TRUSS DETAILS INCLUDING ERECTION SEQUENCING INFORMATION FOR THE COMPLETION OF TRUSS CHORD SPLICES, WIND PLATE CONNECTIONS, LOOSE COVER PLATES, AND TEMPORARY GUSSET ERECTION AIDS.

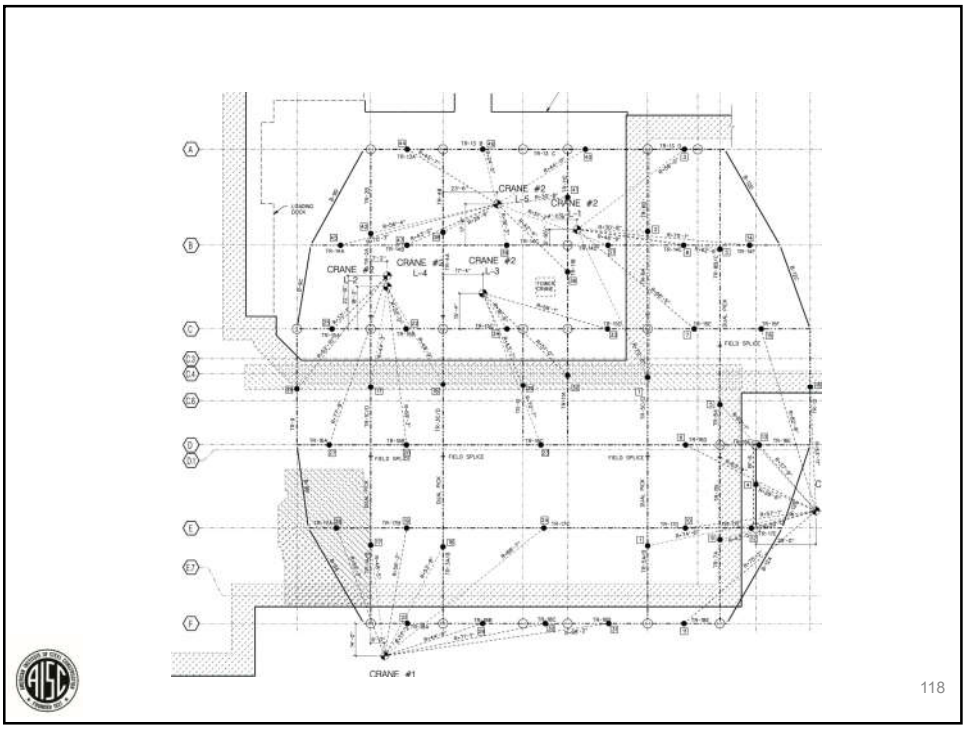


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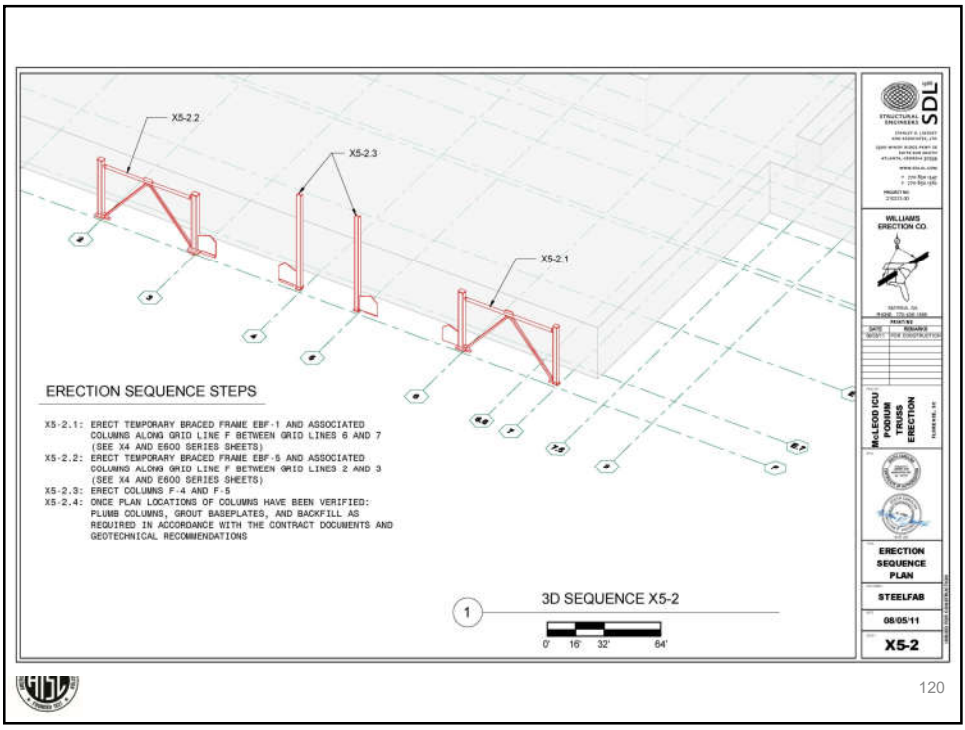


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TABLE 1. TRUSS PIECE INFORMATION																			
SEQUENCE NUMBER	GRID NUMBER	TRUSS NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	FLAT NO.	PIECE INFORMATION	WEIGHT	WEIGHED	RIGGING	LIFT WT.	TOTAL	RADIUS	CONSTRUCTION	AREA	PERIODICITY OF CHANG.	SECTION	WEIGHT			
					MEMBER NO.	WEIGHT						TYPE	IN SQ. FT.	PERIOD	TYPE				
1	F	1	1.1	F	78-1076/38	62,825	X		67,325	67,325	53'-11"	55							
2	F	1	1.2	F	78-1076/38	186,976	X		6000	192,976	48'-5"	50							
3	F	1	1.3	F	78-1076/38	199,198	X		6000	205,198	44'-3"	45							
4	F	1	1.4	F	78-1076/38	160,728	X		6000	166,728	53'-8"	55							
5	F	1	1.5	F	78-1076/38	158,142	X		6000	164,142	48'-9"	50							
6	F	1	1.6	F	78-1076/38	24,515	X		4500	29,015	56'-3"	60							
7	F	1	1.7	F	78-1076/38	47,968	X		4500	52,468	69'-3"	70							
8	F	1	1.8	F	78-1076/38	56,584	X		4500	61,084	17'-2"	20							
9	F	1	1.9	F	78-1076/38	58,158	X		4500	62,658	20'-0"	20							
10	F	1	2.0	F	78-1076/38	103,930	X		4500	108,430	70'-7"	75							
11	F	1	2.1	F	78-1076/38	90,926	X		4500	95,426	88'-7"	90							

Grid Piece wt. Weighed Rigging Lift Wt. Total Radius



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**ERECTOR SEQUENCE  
PLAN**

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08/05/11  
X5-2



**ERECTOR SEQUENCE STEPS**

- X5-3.1: ERECT TEMPORARY BRACES FRAME EBF-2 ALONG GRID LINE C BETWEEN GRID LINES 6 AND 7 (SEE X4 AND E600 SERIES SHEETS)
- X5-3.2: ERECT TRUSS TR-5 (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 1)
  - A. SWING TRUSS TR-5A/B INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 1 AND HOLD
  - B. SWING TRUSS TR-5B/C INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2 AND HOLD
  - C. INSTALL ALL WEB AND WING PLATE BOLTS IN TAB TRUSS CHORD SPLICES (REF: TR-STD12/E250)
  - D. COMPLETE MIN. 50% FLANGE BOLTS IN SPLICE AT TRUSS DIAGONAL (TOP TOP AND BOT FLANGE)
  - E. COMPLETE TRUSS TO CAP PLATE CONNECTIONS
  - F. INSTALL TEMPORARY HSS BRACES AT EACH END OF TRUSS (SEE X4 AND E600 SERIES SHEETS)
  - G. RELEASE TRUSS FROM CRANES

3D SEQUENCE X5-3

1

0 16 32 64

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ERECTOR SEQUENCE PLAN

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X5-3

**ERECTOR SEQUENCE STEPS**

- X5-4.1: ERECT PORTION OF PERMANENT BF-2/TR-13D AS ILLUSTRATED IN 1/X5-4
  - A. NOTE BOTTOM CHORD OF TR-13D BOLTS TO TOP OF ERECTOR SEAT PLATE AT COLUMN A-6
- X5-4.2: PRIOR TO ERECTION OF TRUSS, WELD LOOSE GUSSET PLATE TO SIDE OF CHORD MEMBER AT COLUMN A-6
- X5-4.3: ERECT TRUSS TR-6 (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 2)
  - A. SWING TRUSS TR-6 INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2 AND HOLD
  - B. INSTALL ALL WEB AND WING PLATE BOLTS INTO TAB TRUSS CHORD SPLICES (REF: TR-STD12/E250)
  - C. FULLY INSTALL WEB PLATE CONNECTION AT DIAGONAL SPLICE
  - D. COMPLETE TRUSS TO CAP PLATE CONNECTION
  - E. INSTALL 488R1 (W14X257) PERMANENT WEB MEMBER (50% FLANGE BOLTS TAB ONLY IS ACCEPTABLE)
  - F. RELEASE TRUSS FROM CRANE
- X5-4.4: PRIOR TO ERECTION OF NEXT SEQUENCE:
  - A. COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF BOLTS IN 488R1 (W14X257) MEMBER
  - B. COMPLETE BOLTED WEB CONNECTION OF BOTTOM CHORD OF TR-13D TO TR-6

3D SEQUENCE X5-4

1

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X5-4

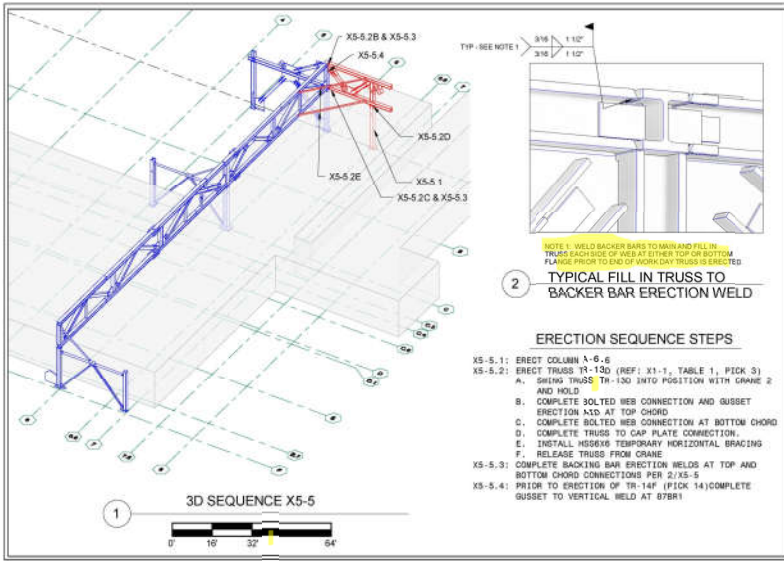




**McLEOD REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER ICU TOWER ERECTION, FLORENCE, SOUTH CAROLINA:**  
McLeod Regional Medical Center proposed the construction of a new ICU tower in the location of their existing cafeteria and central utility plant; however, due to the extreme difficulty and expense associated with shutting down the utility plant for an entire hospital complex, the new building was supported by a grid of 19 transfer trusses that had to be erected over the existing and fully operational building. Each truss weighs up to 365,000lbs and several included splices to be completed over the existing hospital. Stanley D. Lindsey and Associates, Ltd (SDL) worked with Williams Erection Company to provide erection services for this operation. Stability analysis was performed at each stage of the erection for gravity loads and construction wind loading. SDL also worked closely with the fabricator and provided connection concepts and construction loads for connection design including temporary splicing connections. SDL provided crane layout and configuration plans for each crane location. In addition to the crane layout plans, a 3D Revit-based erection sequence plan was provided to illustrate each erection step. Intense coordination was required between all parties, and SDL provided several presentations including animations of crane locations and pick sequencing to clearly communicate the plan to the contractor and owner.



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**3D SEQUENCE X5-5**

**2 TYPICAL FILL IN TRUSS TO BACKER BAR ERECTION WELD**


**ERECTION SEQUENCE STEPS**

- X5-5.1: ERECT COLUMN A-6-6
- X5-5.2: ERECT TRUSS TR-130 (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 3) AND HOLD
  - A. SWING TRUSS TR-130 INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2
  - B. COMPLETE BOLTED WEB CONNECTION AND GUSSET ERECTION AND AT TOP CHORD
  - C. COMPLETE BOLTED WEB CONNECTION AT BOTTOM CHORD
  - D. COMPLETE TRUSS TO GAP PLATE CONNECTION
  - E. INSTALL HSS6X6 TEMPORARY HORIZONTAL BRACING
  - F. RELEASE TRUSS FROM CRANE
- X5-5.3: COMPLETE BACKING BAR ERECTION WELDS AT TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD CONNECTIONS PER 2/X5-5
- X5-5.4: PRIOR TO ERECTION OF TR-14F (PICK 14) COMPLETE GUSSET TO VERTICAL WELD AT 878B1

**McLeod ICU Tower Truss Erection**

**ERECTION SEQUENCE PLAN**

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08/05/11  
**X5-5**



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**ERECTION SEQUENCE STEPS**

X5-7.1: ERECT TRUSS TR-8 (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 5)

- SWING TRUSS TR-8A INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 1 AND HOLD
- SWING TRUSS TR-8B/C INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2 AND HOLD
- INSTALL ALL WEB AND WING PLATE BOLTS IN TAB TRUSS CHORD SPLICES (REF: TR-51012/E256)
- COMPLETE W/IN. 50% FLANGE BOLTS IN SPLICE AT TRUSS DIAGONAL (50% TOP AND BOT FLANGE)
- COMPLETE TRUSS TO CAP PLATE CONNECTION
- COMPLETE BOLTED WEB PLATE CONNECTION TO TOP CHORD OF TR-13D

X5-7.2: ERECT TRUSS TR-10 (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 5)

- SWING TRUSS TR-10 INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2 AND HOLD
- INSTALL ALL BOLTS IN TOP CHORD WEB CONNECTION AT GRID LINE D AND TOP CHORD END PLATE CONNECTION AT GRID LINE C
- INSTALL ALL BOLTS IN BOTTOM CHORD CONNECTIONS INCLUDING GUSSET ERECTION AIDS
- RELEASE TRUSS FROM CRANE

X5-7.2: WELD BACKER BARS OF NON-END PLATE CHORD CONNECTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH 2/AS-5

3D SEQUENCE X5-7

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ERECTION SEQUENCE PLAN

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X5-7

**ERECTION SEQUENCE STEPS**

X5-32.1: ERECT TRUSS TR-10 (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 5)

- SWING TRUSS TR-10 INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2 AND HOLD
- INSTALL ALL BOLTS IN TOP CHORD WEB CONNECTION AT GRID LINE D AND TOP CHORD END PLATE CONNECTION AT GRID LINE C
- INSTALL ALL BOLTS IN BOTTOM CHORD CONNECTIONS INCLUDING GUSSET ERECTION AIDS
- RELEASE TRUSS FROM CRANE

X5-32.2: WELD BACKER BARS OF NON-END PLATE CHORD CONNECTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH 2/AS-5

3D SEQUENCE X5-32

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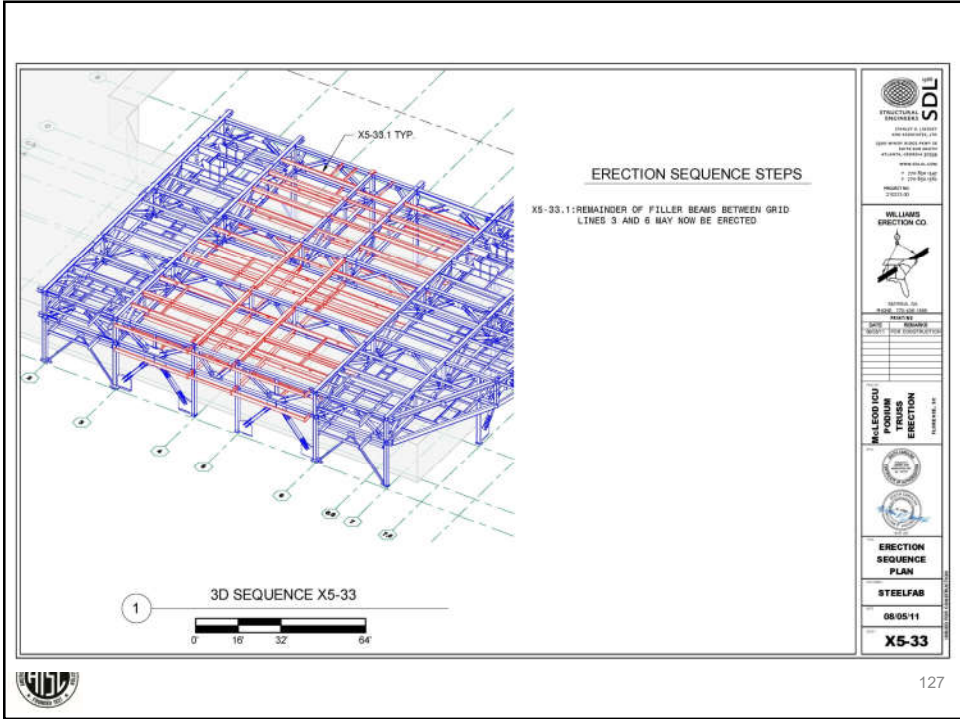
ERECTION SEQUENCE PLAN

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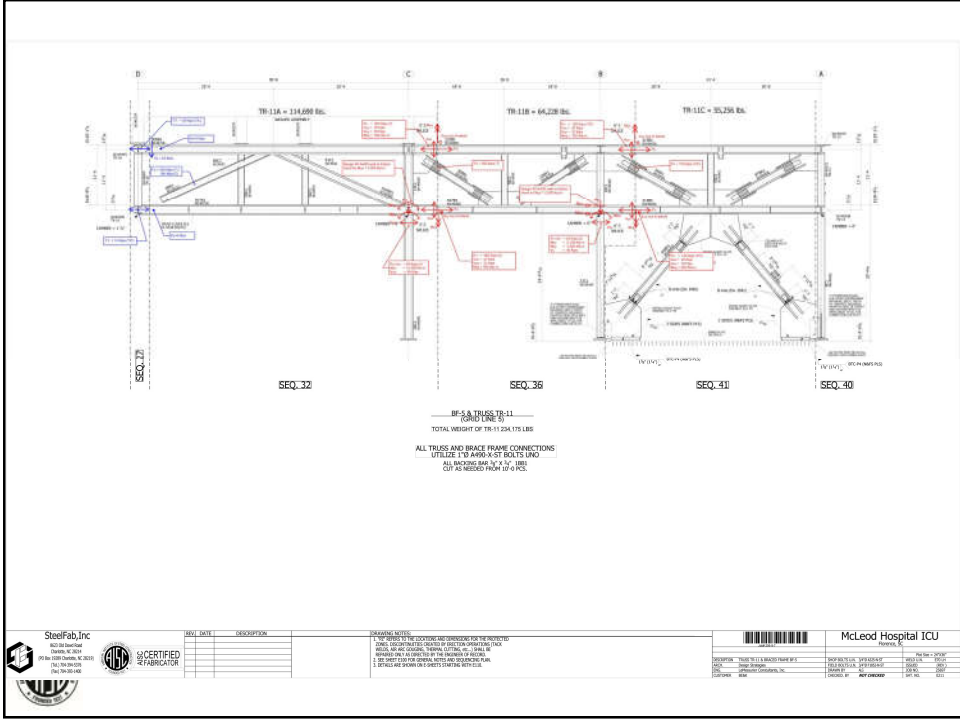
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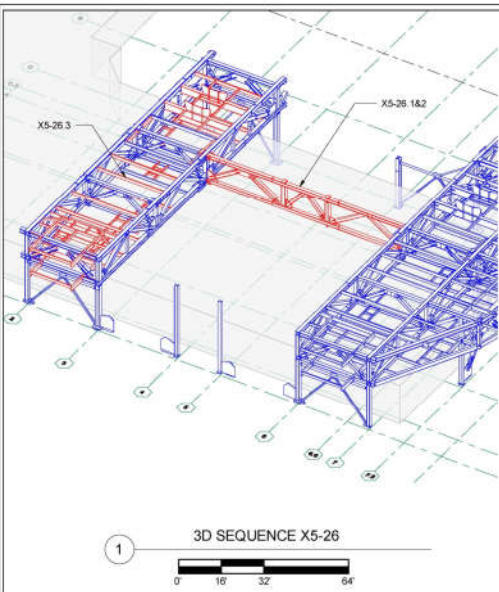
X5-32





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**ERECTION SEQUENCE STEPS**

NOTE PRIOR TO THIS SEQUENCE THE FOLLOWING STEPS MUST BE COMPLETED: X5-8.3, X5-9.3, X5-10.2, AND X5-15.4

X5-26.1: ERECT TRUSS TR-16C (REF: X1-1, TABLE 1, PICK 23)

- SWING TRUSS TR-16C INTO POSITION WITH CRANE 2 AND HOLD
- INSTALL ALL BOLTS IN TOP CHORD WEB CONNECTION AND WING PLATES AT GRID LINE 3, AND WEB CONNECTION AT GRID LINE 6
- INSTALL ALL BOLTS IN BOTTOM CHORD CONNECTIONS INCLUDING GUSSET ERECTION AIDS
- RELEASE TRUSS FROM CRANE

X5-26.2: WELD BACKER BARS OF CHORD CONNECTIONS WITHOUT WING PLATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH 2/X5-5

X5-26.3: FILLER BEAMS BETWEEN GRID LINES 2 AND 3 MAY NOW BE ERECTED

3D SEQUENCE X5-26

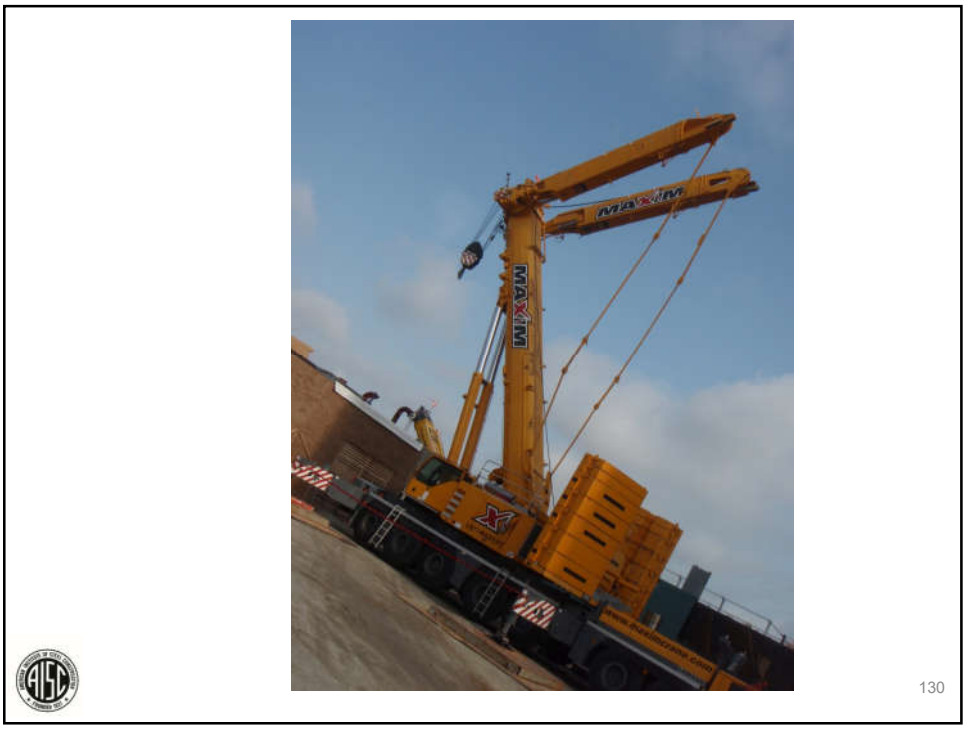
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**ERECTION SEQUENCE PLAN**  
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**X5-26**



McLeod Hospital Over Build  
This consists of building a truss system over the existing staff Cafeteria, laundry and power facility for the existing operating hospital



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- You will receive an email on how to report attendance from:  
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- Be on the lookout: Check your spam filter! Check your junk folder!
- Completely fill out online form. Don't forget to check the boxes next to each attendee's name!



## Single-Session Registrants

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## 3-Session Registrants

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### CEU / PDH Certificates

One certificate will be issued at the conclusion of the course.



## 3-Session Registrants

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### Attendance and PDH Certificates

- You have two options to receive credit for a given session.
  - Option 1: Watch the live session. Credit for live attendance will be displayed on the Course Resources table within two days of the session.
  - Option 2: Watch the recording and pass the associated quiz.

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#### Course Resources

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- TECHNICAL RESOURCES
- STEEL SOLUTIONS CENTER

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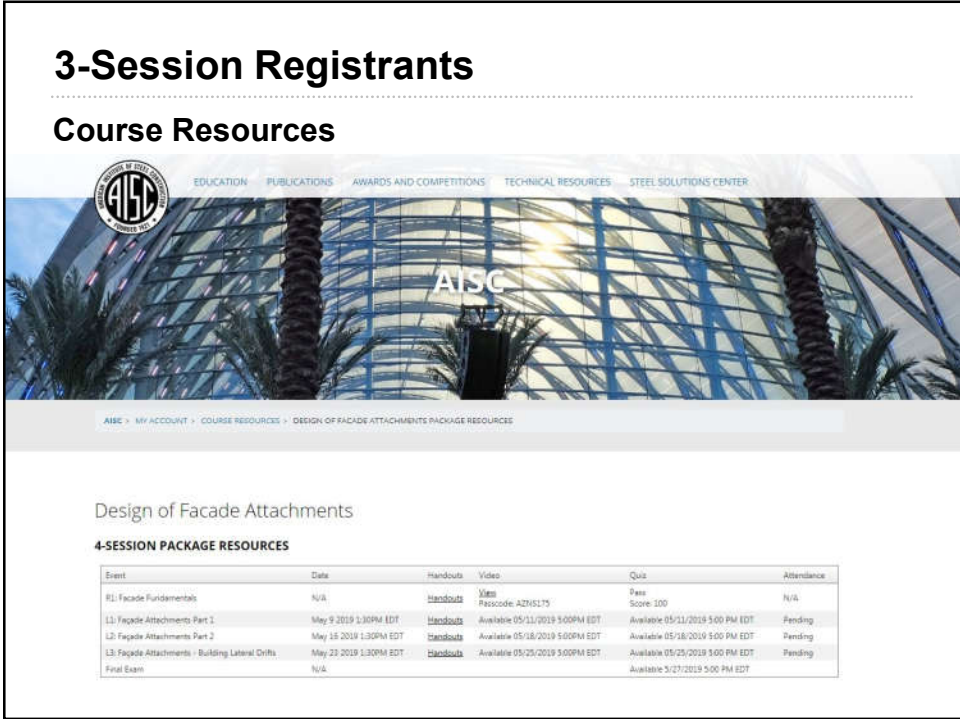
#### Course Resources

Event	Start Date
8-Session Package-Design in Steel	1/1/1900 12:00:00 AM
8-Session Package-Design of Facade Attachments	5/9/2019 1:00:00 PM
05_15 8-Session Package-Night School 15 - Fundamentals of Connection Design	10/3/2017 7:00:00 PM
05_16 8-Session Package-Night School 16 - Seismic Design in Steel	2/3/2018 7:00:00 PM
05_17 8-Session Package-Night School 17 - Design of Facade Attachments	7/18/2018 7:00:00 PM
05_18 8-Session Package-Night School 18 - Steel Construction: Mill To Topping Out	10/15/2018 7:00:00 PM
05_19 8-Session Package-Night School 19 - Connection Design	2/4/2019 7:00:00 PM
05_20 8-Session Package-Night School 20 - Classical Methods of Structural Analysis	6/3/2019 7:00:00 PM
8-Session Package-Seismic Design in Steel - Concrete & Beam-Column	7/18/2018 1:00:00 PM



## 3-Session Registrants

### Course Resources



AISC > MY ACCOUNT > COURSE RESOURCES > DESIGN OF FACADE ATTACHMENTS PACKAGE RESOURCES

#### Design of Facade Attachments

**4-SESSION PACKAGE RESOURCES**

Event	Date	Handouts	Video	Quiz	Attendance
R1: Facade Fundamentals	N/A	<a href="#">Handouts</a>	<a href="#">Video</a> Passcode AZN65175	Pass Score: 100	N/A
L1: Facade Attachments Part 1	May 9 2019 1:30PM EDT	<a href="#">Handouts</a>	Available 05/11/2019 5:00PM EDT	Available 05/11/2019 5:00 PM EDT	Pending
L2: Facade Attachments Part 2	May 16 2019 1:30PM EDT	<a href="#">Handouts</a>	Available 05/18/2019 5:00PM EDT	Available 05/18/2019 5:00 PM EDT	Pending
L3: Facade Attachments - Building Lateral Drifts	May 23 2019 1:30PM EDT	<a href="#">Handouts</a>	Available 05/25/2019 5:00PM EDT	Available 05/25/2019 5:00 PM EDT	Pending
Final Exam	N/A			Available 5/27/2019 5:00 PM EDT	



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